AREXVY (Adjuvanted RSVPreF3) 2-Year Update

ACIP June 26, 2024

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GSK

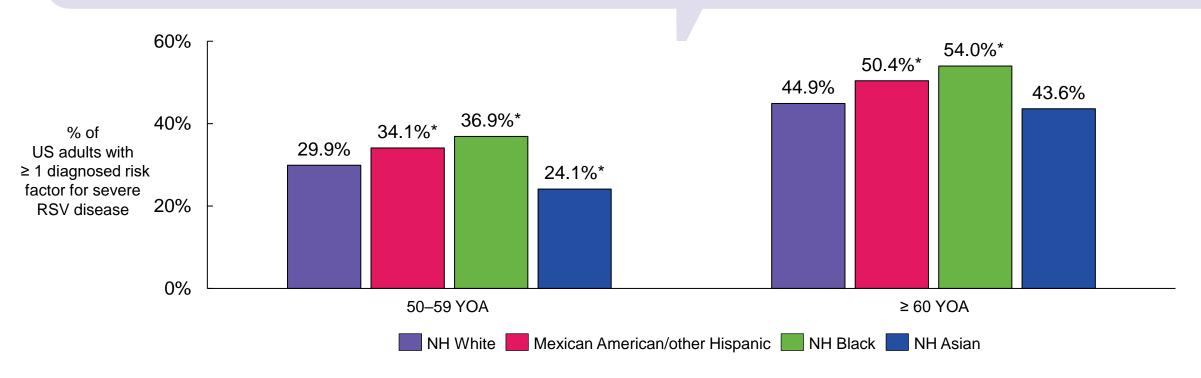
AREXVY Indications

AREXVY now indicated for active immunization for prevention of lower respiratory tract disease (LRTD) caused by RSV in

- Individuals ≥ 60 YOA
- Individuals 50-59 YOA at increased risk for LRTD caused by RSV

Risk Factors for Severe RSV Disease Are Highly Prevalent Among Adults ≥ 50 Years with Disparities Observed by Race and Ethnicity

- 31.4% of adults 50–59 YOA and 46.9% of adults ≥ 60 YOA are diagnosed with ≥ 1 risk factor for severe RSV disease^a
- Mexican American/other Hispanic and NH Black adults have significantly higher prevalence of ≥ 1 diagnosed risk factor in each of these age groups (vs. NH White adults)^b



Horn et al. NFID ACVR, May 8-10, 2024

^aSelf-reported diagnosis of the following conditions: CHF, CHD, stroke, angina pectoris, MI, COPD (COPD, emphysema, or current chronic bronchitis), asthma (current), diabetes, liver disease (current), renal disease. ^bOther race/multi-racial results not presented.

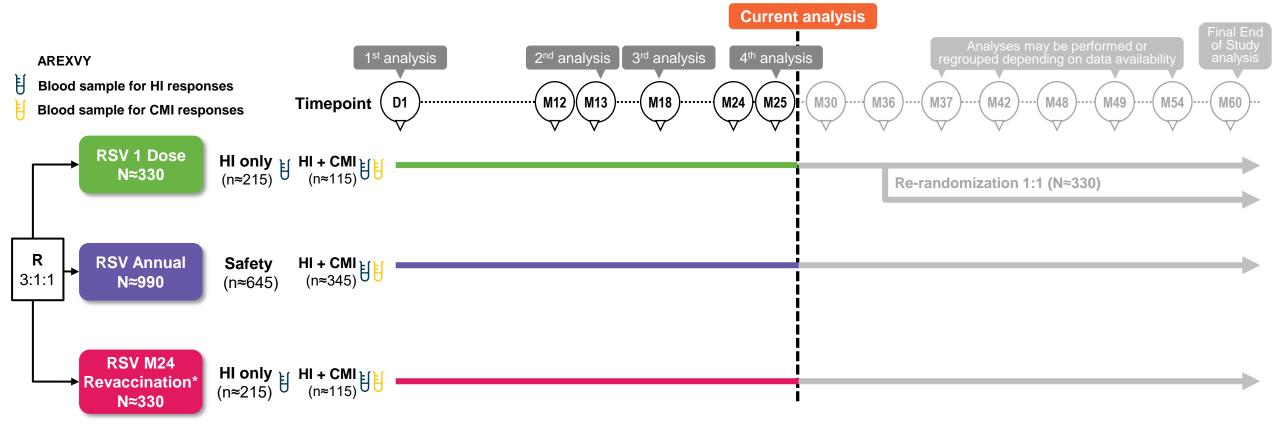
^{*}Statistically significant based on two-sided P < 0.05. P-values were calculated based on pairwise chi-square analysis on 2x2 tables using non-Hispanic White adults as the reference group.

Notes: Retrospective, cross-sectional analysis of pooled NHANES data spanning the period 2011-March 2020. Weighting to the United States population conducted in accordance with NHANES published guidelines: https://wwwn.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes/tutorials/weighting.aspx. CHD, coronary heart disease; CHF, congestive heart failure; COPD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; MI, myocardial infarction; NH, Non-Hispanic; NHANES, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey; YOA, years of age.

AReSVi-004: Immunogenicity, Safety, Reactogenicity and Persistence of Single Dose of AREXVY Vaccine and Different Revaccination Schedules in Adults ≥ 60 YOA

Randomized, open-label, multi-country study (NCT04732871)

AReSVi-004 Phase 3 Study Design¹⁻³



All participants followed for safety

Primary objective: To evaluate humoral immune response following 1-dose primary schedule up to 12 months post-dose 1**

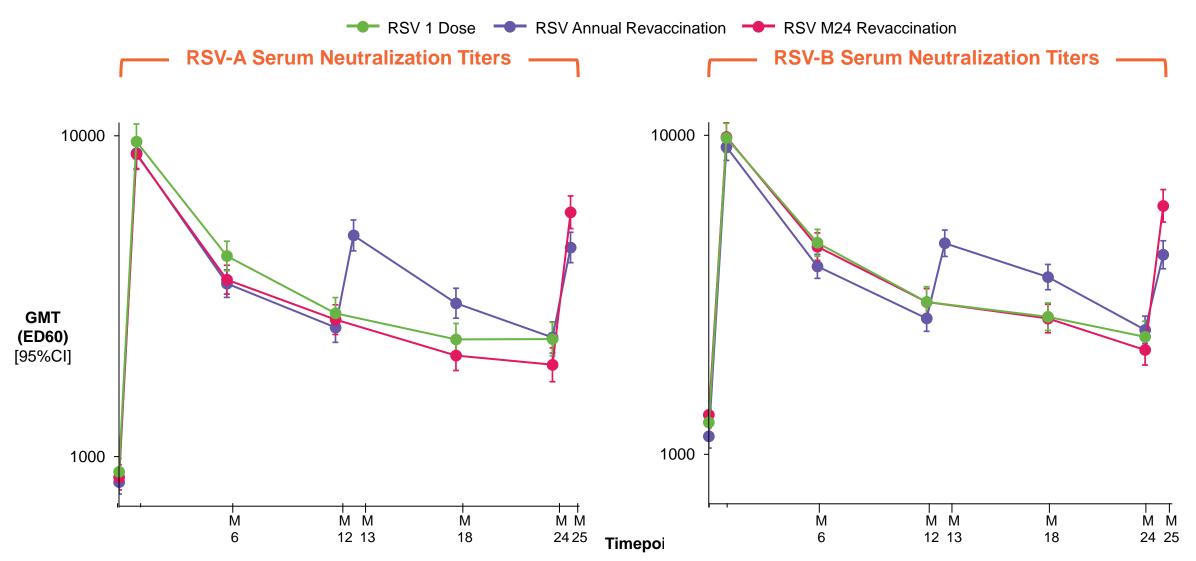
Key secondary objectives: To evaluate humoral and CMI*** responses following 1-dose primary schedule and re-vaccination doses, up to study end (M60); safety and reactogenicity also assessed

*RSV M24 revaccination: Participants receiving first dose (Dose 1) of AREXVY at Day 1 followed by revaccination dose at 24 months post Dose 1; **Primary endpoints: NAb (neutralizing antibody) geometric mean titers (RSV-A and RSV-B) at Day 1 (pre-vaccination), D31, M6, and M12 post-dose 1; ***CMI response in terms of frequency of RSVPreF3-specific CD4+ and/or CD8+ T-cells expressing > 2 activation markers; CMI, cell-mediated immunity; HI, humoral immunity; 1. Schwarz TF et al. 2023; 2. ClinicalTrials.gov.

NCT04732871; 3. GSK, 2024 https://www.gsk-studyregister.com/en/trial-details/?id=212496 (All URLs accessed June 2024)

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Higher RSV-A and RSV-B Neutralizing Antibody Titers Observed After 24 Month Vaccination Interval

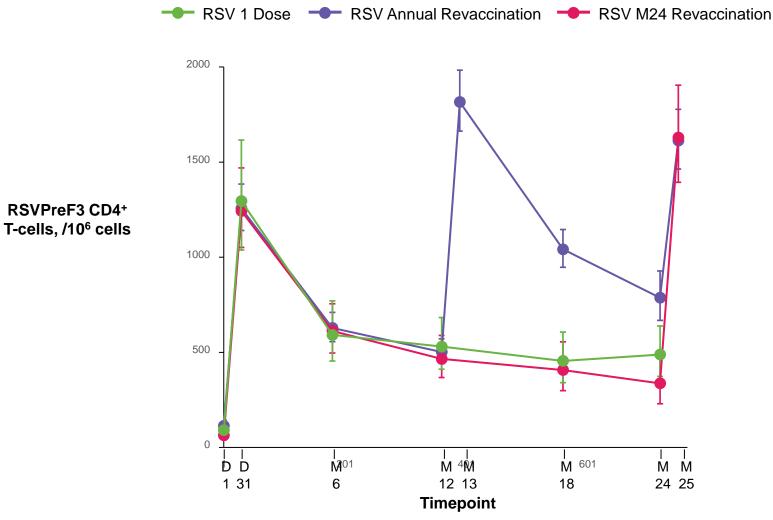


RSV Annual revaccination (N=250-341): Participants receiving first dose (Dose 1) of AREXVY at Day 1, followed by revaccination dose at 12 months post Dose 1 and at 24 months post Dose 1; RSV M24 revaccination (N= 223-319): Participants receiving first dose (Dose 1) of AREXVY at Day 1 followed by revaccination dose at 24 months post Dose 1; RSV 1 dose (N=281-318): Participants receiving single dose (Dose 1) of AREXVY at Day 1; ED60: estimated dilution 60; GMT: geometric mean titer

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AReSVi-004

CD4+ T-Cell Responses Increased 1-Month Post Each Vaccination Dose



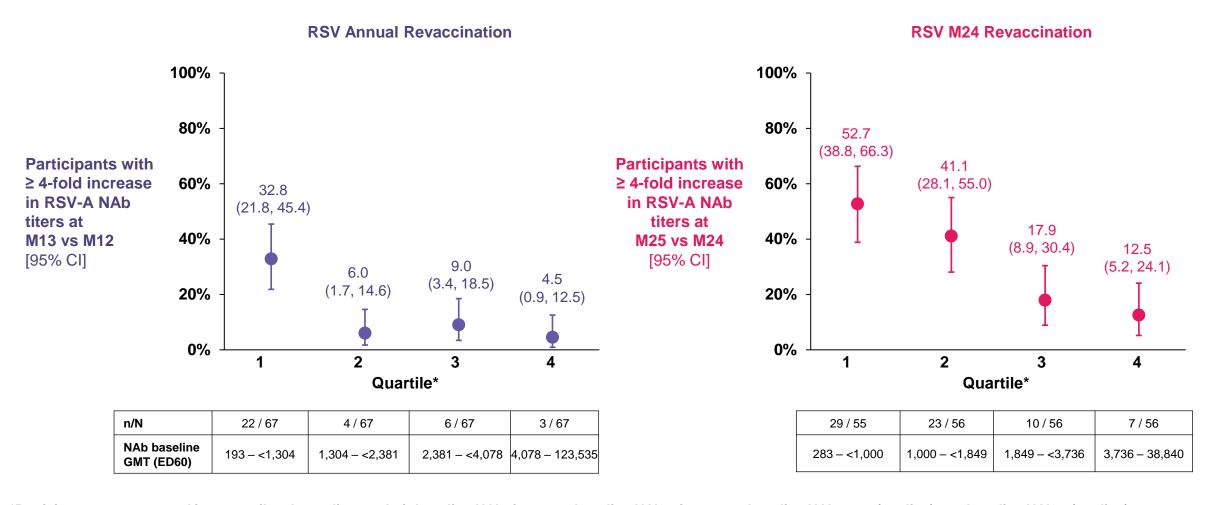
RSV Annual revaccination (N=216-286): Participants receiving first dose (Dose 1) of AREXVY at Day 1, followed by revaccination dose at 12 months post Dose 1 and at 24 months post Dose 1; RSV M24 revaccination (N=68-94): Participants receiving first dose (Dose 1) of AREXVY at Day 1 followed by revaccination dose at 24 months post Dose 1; RSV 1 dose (N=83-95):

Participants receiving single dose (Dose 1) of AREXVY at Day 1; CD4+ T-cells expressing ≥ 2 activation markers including ≥ 1 cytokine among CD40L, 4-1BB, IL-2, TNF-α, IFN-γ, IL-13, IL-17 events/10⁶ cells; (by intracellular staining)

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AReSVi-004

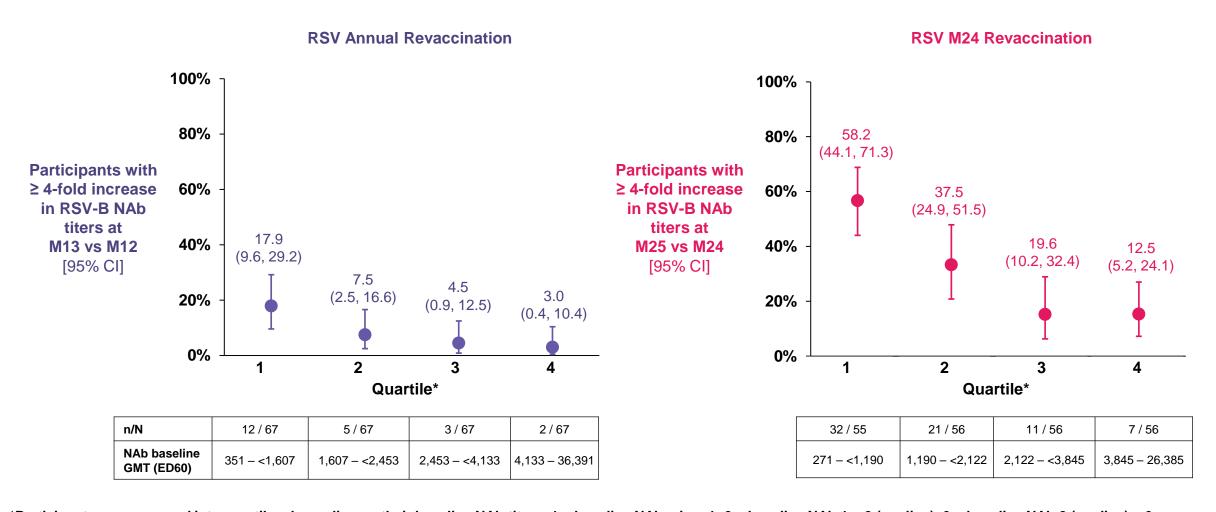
Lower Prevaccination RSV-A NAb Titers Associated with Higher Seroresponse Rates (≥ 4-Fold Increase) Following Revaccination



^{*}Participants were grouped into quartiles depending on their baseline NAb titers: 1 = baseline NAb min-<1; 2 = baseline NAb 1-<2 (median); 3 = baseline NAb 2 (median)-<3; 4 = baseline NAb 3-4. Participants in the quartile 1 had the lowest pre-revaccination NAb and those in the quartile 4 had the highest; ED60, serum dilution inducing 60% inhibition in plaque-forming units; GMT, geometric mean titer; NAb, neutralizing antibody; RSV Annual revaccination: Participants receiving the first dose (Dose 1) of Arexvy at Day 1, followed by a revaccination dose at 12 months post Dose 1 and at 24 months post Dose 1; RSV M24 revaccination: Participants receiving the first dose (Dose 1) of Arexvy at Day 1 followed by a revaccination dose at 24 months post Dose 1.

AReSVi-004

Lower Prevaccination RSV-B NAb Titers Associated with Higher Seroresponse Rates (≥ 4-Fold Increase) Following Revaccination

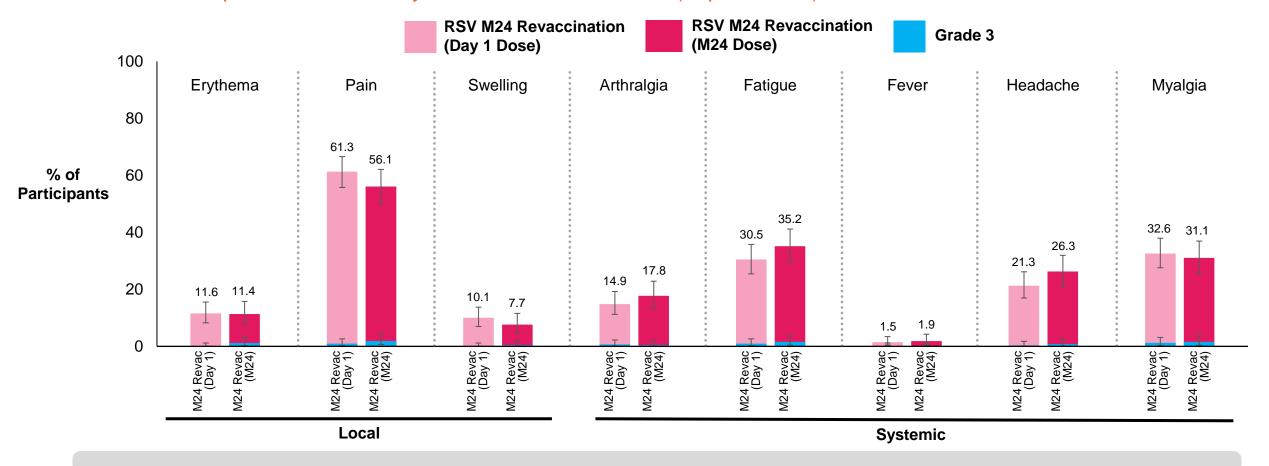


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AReSVi-004 CO-10

Safety and Reactogenicity Profile in Individuals Revaccinated at Month 24 Similar to First Dose

Solicited AEs reported within 4 days of each vaccine dose (exposed set)



Unsolicited AEs, SAEs, Fatal SAEs and pIMDs of individuals who were revaccinated at Month 24 are also similar to those vaccinated at Day 1

AE, adverse event; M, month; RSV 24M revaccination: Participants receiving the first dose (Day 1 Dose) of RSVPreF3 OA investigational vaccine at Day 1 followed by a revaccination dose at 24 months (M24 Dose) post-Dose 1 (n=270-328). Grade 3: >100 mm for erythema and swelling; significant pain at rest, prevents normal everyday activities for pain; prevents normal activity for headache, fatigue, myalgia, and arthralgia; >39.0°C (102.2°F) for fever.

AReSVi-004 Summary

- Revaccination at a 24-month interval provides higher RSV-A and RSV-B neutralizing antibody titers as compared to a 12-month interval
- The lower the prevaccination RSV-A and RSV-B neutralizing antibody titers observed at 2 years post initial vaccination, the higher the seroresponse rates after revaccination
- Safety and reactogenicity profiles of second dose comparable with first dose

Future results from this trial will help inform optimal revaccination timing

Postmarketing Safety Update

AREXVY: Post-Licensure Safety Surveillance After 1 Year Reflects Acceptable Safety Profile in Clinical Trials

Vaccine Exposure

~ 8 million doses of AREXVY administered in US since launch*

AE

- 1,640 AEs (from US, 1,344 AE reports received) [launch 3 May '23-2 June '24]**
- 89% non-serious
- Majority related to labelled reactions

GBS

- Since launch, GSK received 13 reports of GBS, all from US
- Reports do not exceed expected background incidence¹
 - 17 cases expected in absence of vaccination
- VSD and BEST initiative will provide additional assessment of GBS

Overview of Clinical Development Program

AREXVY Clinical Development Program



FLU-aQIV: adjuvanted quadrivalent influenza vaccine; FLU-QIV: quadrivalent influenza vaccine; FLU-QIV-HD: high-dose quadrivalent influenza vaccine; HZ/su: herpes zoster recombinant subunit; 1MPD1: 1 month post dose 1; PCV20: 20-valent pneumococcal conjugate vaccine; YOA: years of age All studies ClinicalTrials.gov; All URLs accessed June 2024

Efficacy of a Single Dose of AREXVY over 2 Calendar Years

	AREXVY Placebo		% VE (% VE (95% CI)	
AREXVY (Single dose)	Number of events (n/N)		W/ season covariate	W/o season covariate	
RSV-LRTD	32 / 12,468	154 / 12,498	67.7% (52.3, 78.7)	73.3% (60.7, 82.4)	
≥ 1 comorbidity of interest*	17 / 5,000	79 / 4,942	67.1% (43.6, 81.8)	73.1% (54.2, 85.1)	
≥ 70 years of age	12 / 5,506	74 / 5,517	74.6% (52.6, 87.5)	79.1% (61.3, 89.7)	
Pre-frail**	9 / 4,794	50 / 4,779	71.3% (40.6, 87.7)	77.0% (52.7, 90.1)	
Severe RSV-LRTD	9 / 12,468	54 / 12,498	74.9% (48.4, 89.2)	78.6% (56.3, 90.7)	
		09	100%		

Median follow-up: 23.3 months

*Comorbidities of interest: COPD, asthma, any chronic respiratory or pulmonary disease, heart failure (cardiorespiratory condition), diabetes mellitus type 1 or 2, advanced liver or renal disease (endocrine or metabolic condition); **frailty assessed using gait speed test: walking speed < 0.4 m/s or not able to perform test (frail), walking speed 0.4–0.99 m/s (pre-frail), walking speed ≥1 m/s (fit); Due to too few cases observed, cannot conclude VE for frail and ≥ 80 years of age

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Conclusion

- Immunogenicity data supports potential for revaccination with AREXVY
 - Stronger immune responses were observed in those revaccinated after
 24-month interval compared to those revaccinated annually
 - Results from ongoing Phase 3 studies will help inform timing of revaccination
- AREXVY provides protection over 2 calendar years
- Acceptable safety profile following administration of ~ 8 million doses
- FDA recently expanded AREXVY's indication to include use in individuals
 50–59 YOA at increased risk for RSV-LRTD
 - Will help to close equity gap by broadening access for populations at increased risk for severe disease caused by RSV

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