



2023–24 End of Season Influenza Vaccine Effectiveness – United States

Sascha Ellington, PhD, MSPH

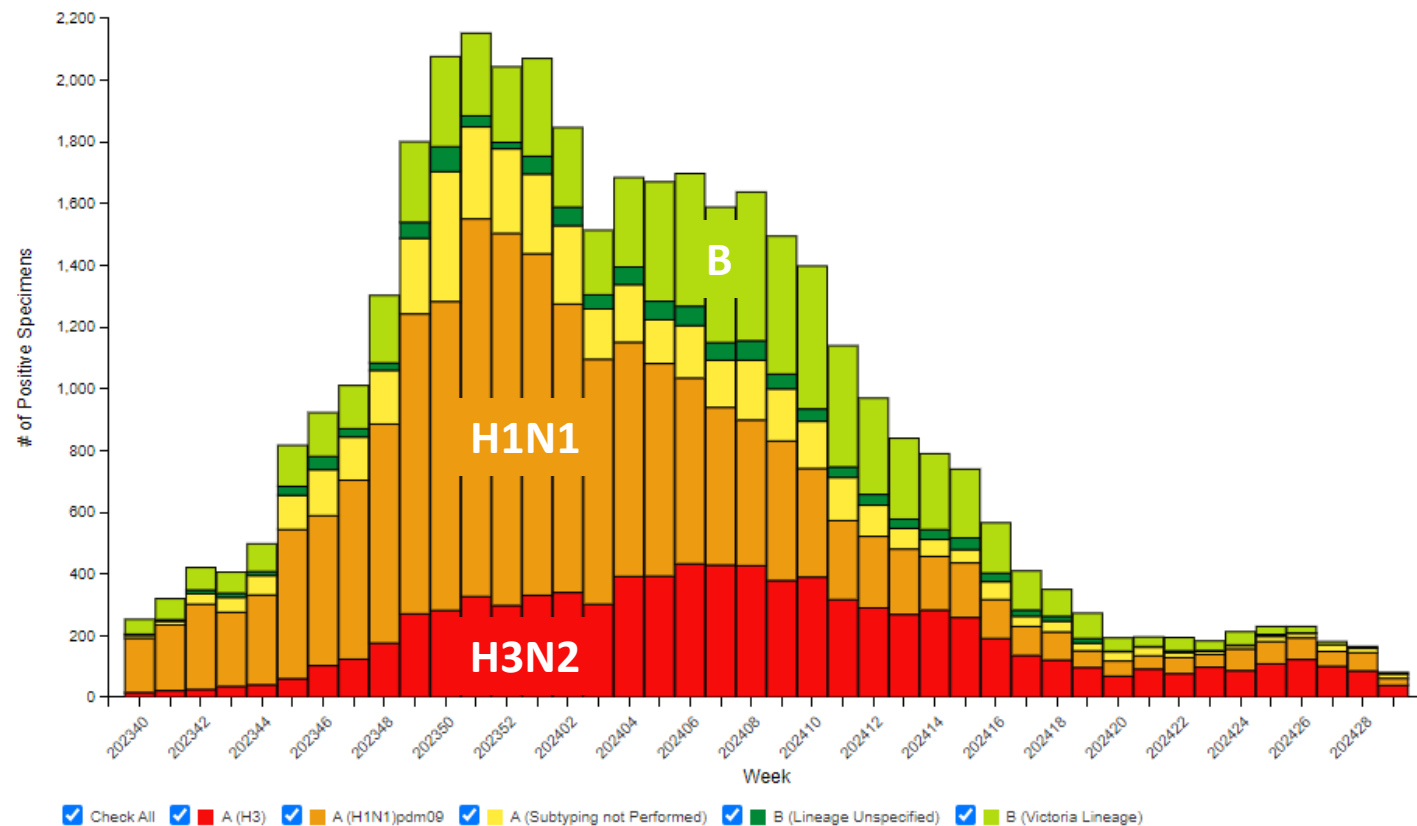
Influenza Division

U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

2023–2024 Influenza Season

- A(H1N1)pdm09 predominant
- Lower levels of A(H3N2) and B/Victoria circulation
- Peak activity 2023 week 52
- Vaccines were quadrivalent and included A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2), and B components

Influenza Positive Tests Reported to CDC by Public Health Laboratories,
National Summary, 2023-24 Season, week ending Jul 20, 2024



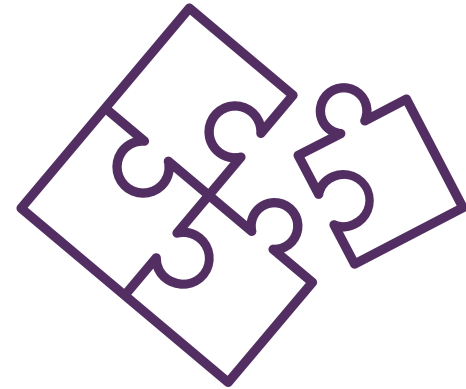
CDC Influenza Vaccine Effectiveness Networks

Investigating Respiratory Viruses in the Acutely Ill (IVY)

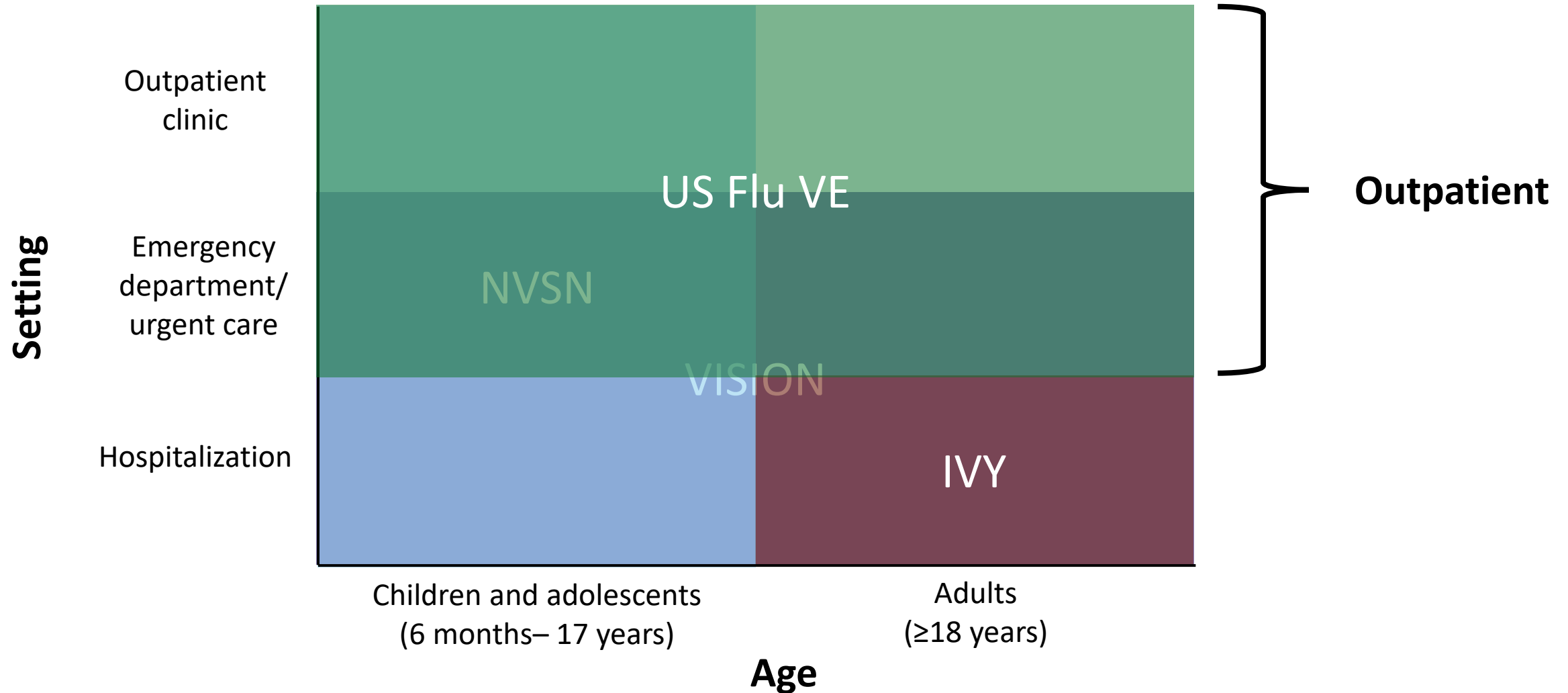
New Vaccine Surveillance Network (NVSN)

US Flu Vaccine Effectiveness Network (US Flu VE)

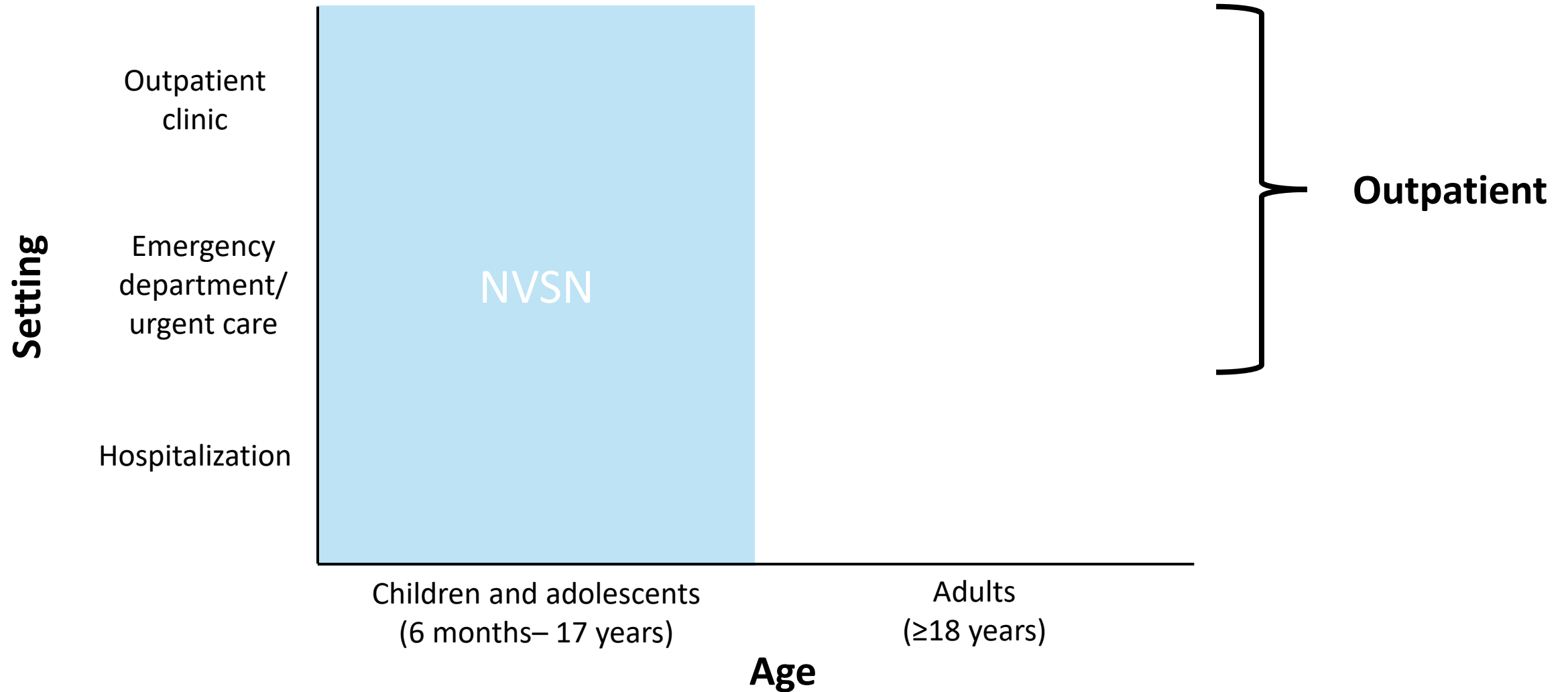
Virtual SARS-CoV-2, Influenza, and Other respiratory viruses Network (VISION)



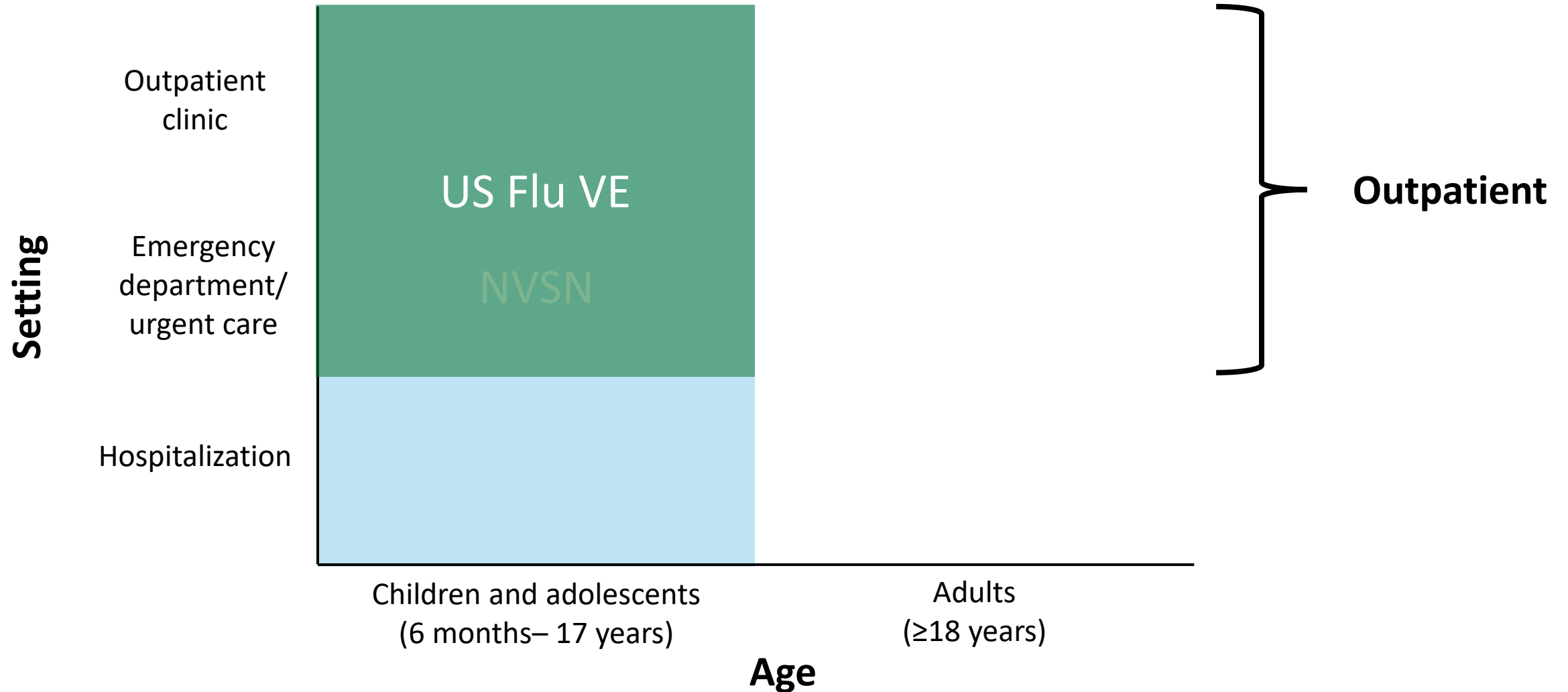
These networks include all ages across settings



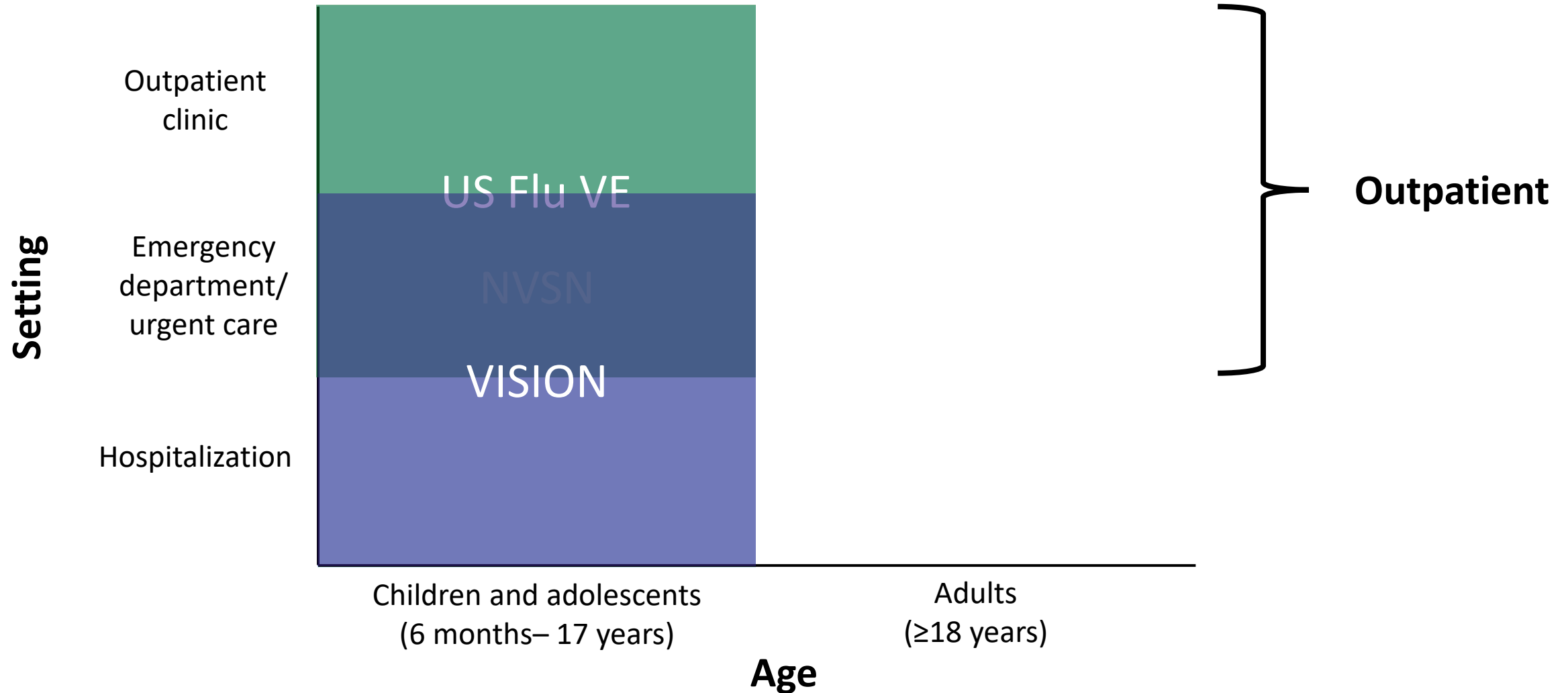
NVSN: all settings



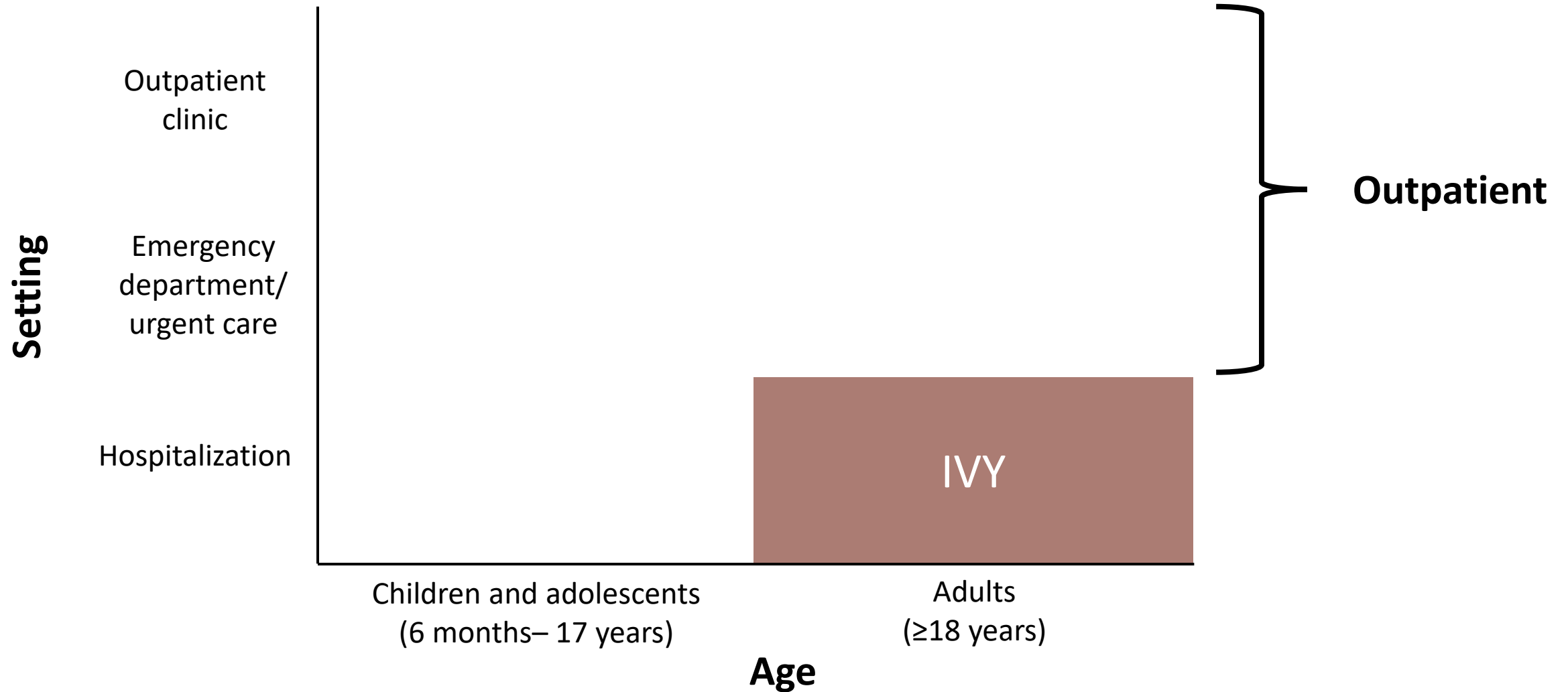
US Flu VE: Outpatient clinic and ED/UC



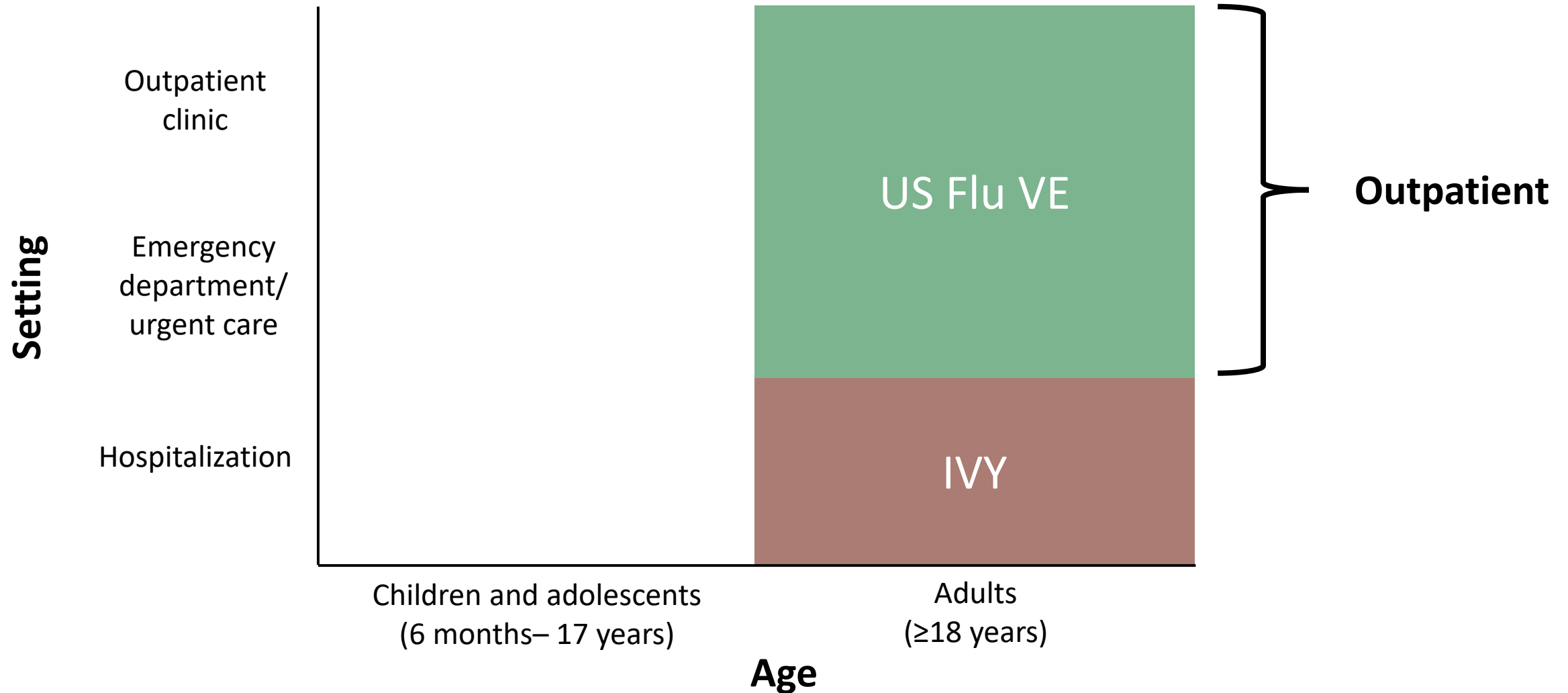
VISION: ED/UC & hospitalization



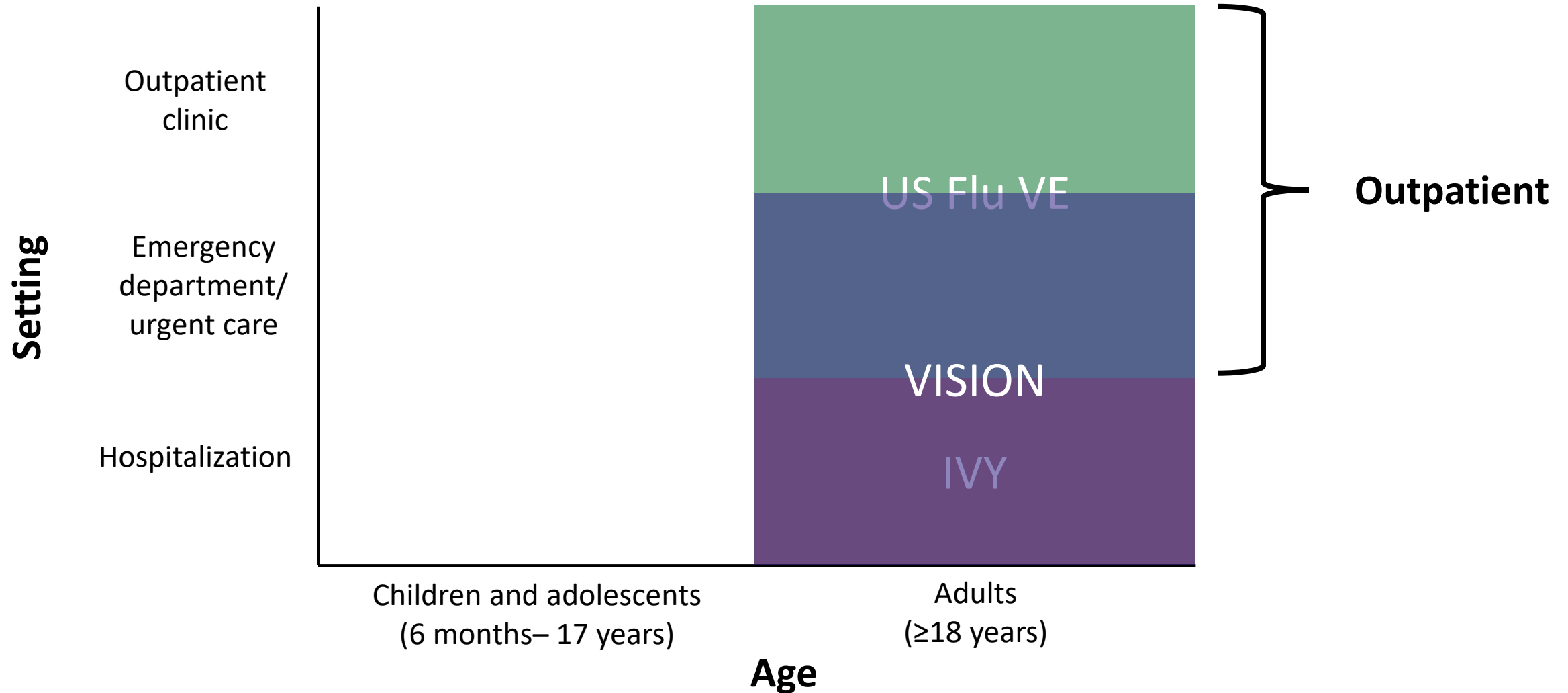
IVY: hospitalization



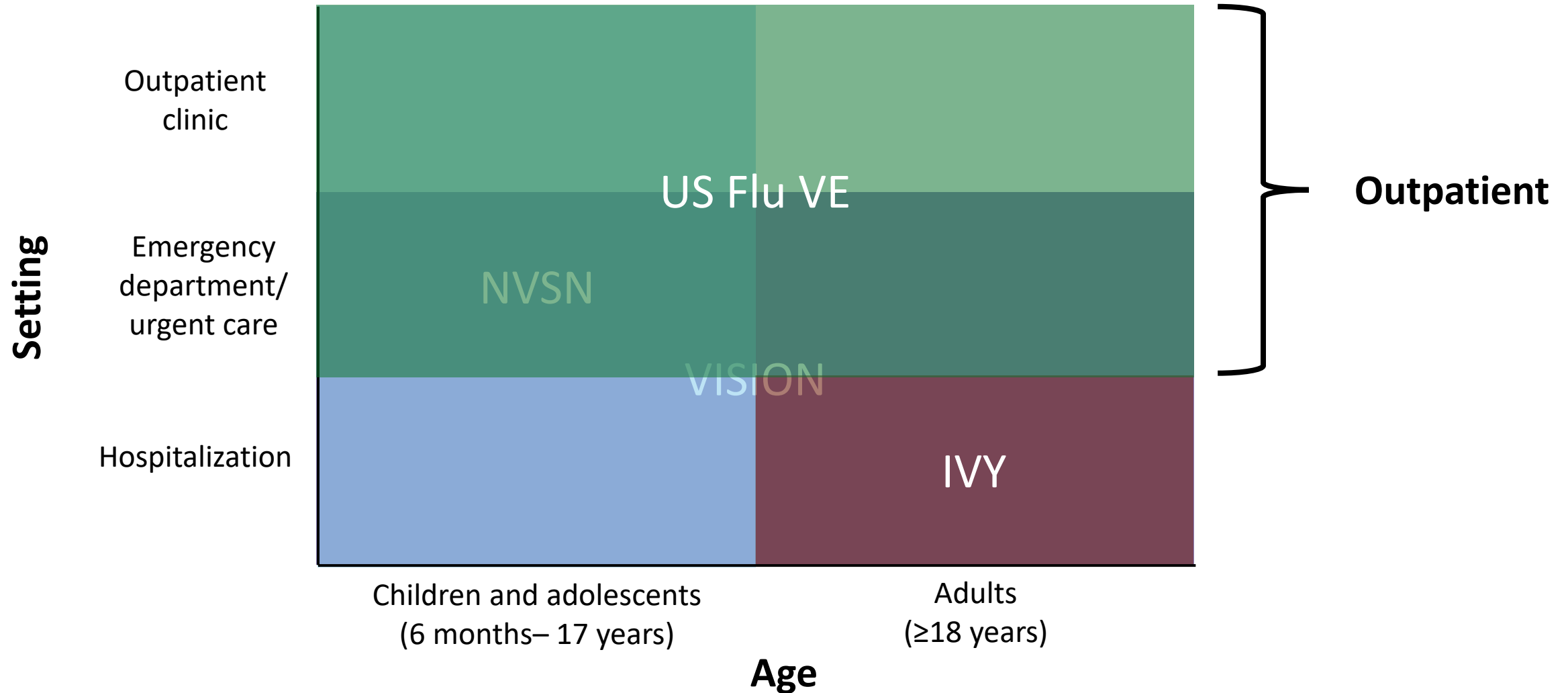
US Flu VE: Outpatient clinic and ED/UC



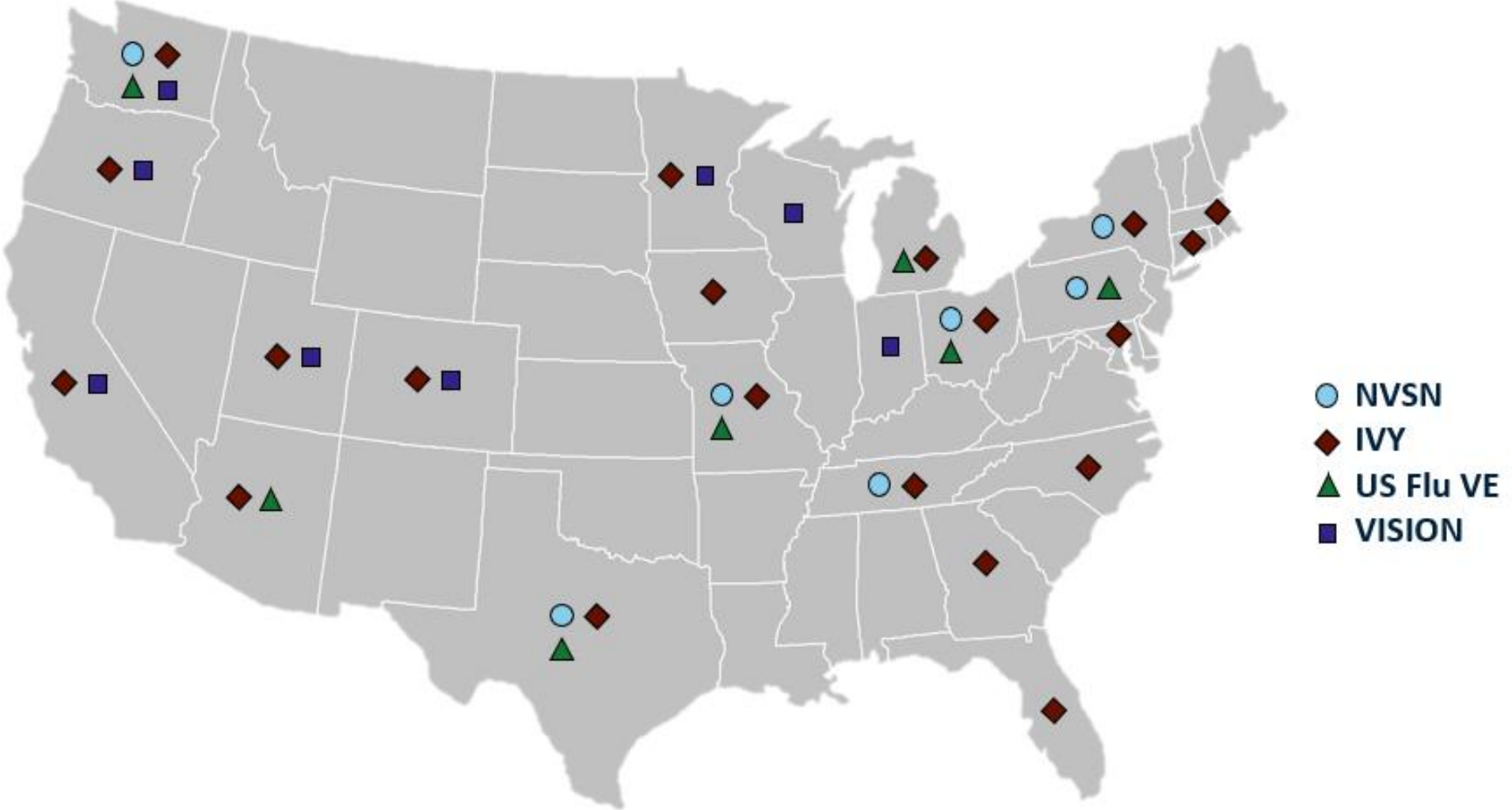
VISION: ED/UC & hospitalization



These networks include all ages across settings

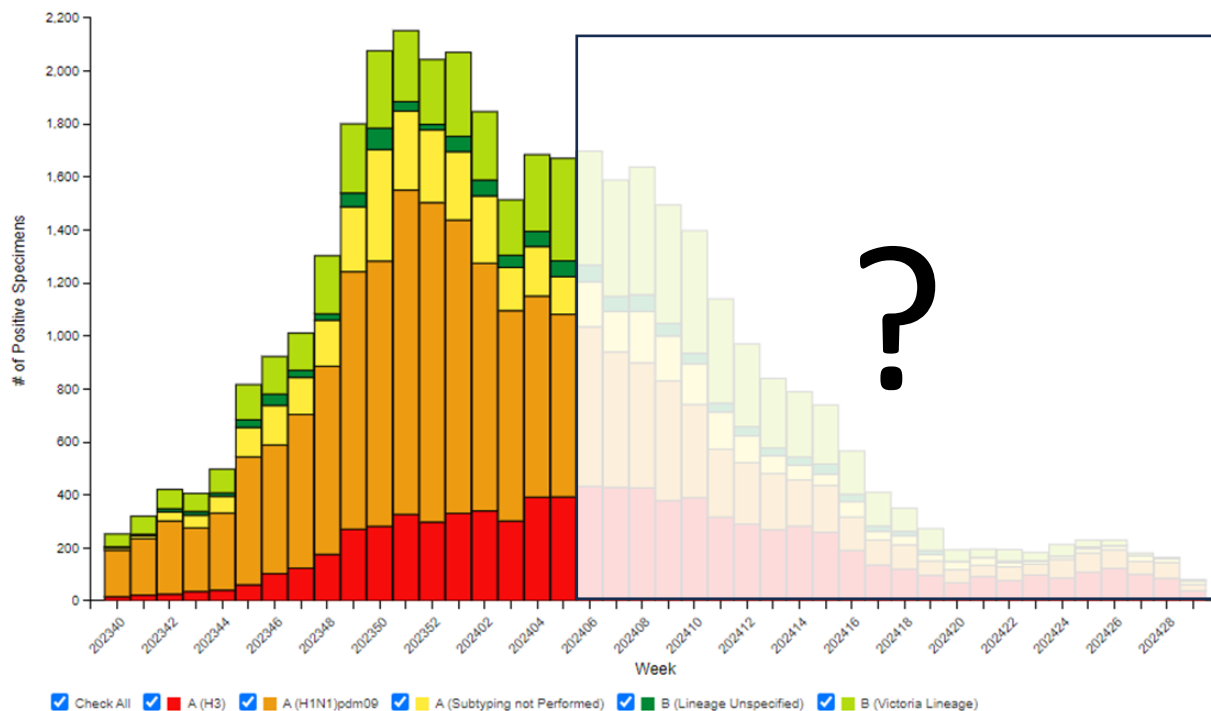


CDC influenza VE networks include patients from 23 states



Interim Estimates of 2023–24 Seasonal Influenza Vaccine Effectiveness — United States

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2023–2024 Influenza VE Methods

Enrollees: Have acute respiratory illness and present for medical care

Dates of enrollment: Fall 2023–April/May 2024

Design: Test-negative design

- › Comparing vaccination odds among case patients with influenza confirmed by molecular assay versus control patients testing negative for influenza and SARS-CoV-2
- › Vaccination status: receipt of any 2023–24 seasonal flu vaccine according to medical records, immunization registries, claims data, and/or self-report

2023–2024 Influenza VE Methods

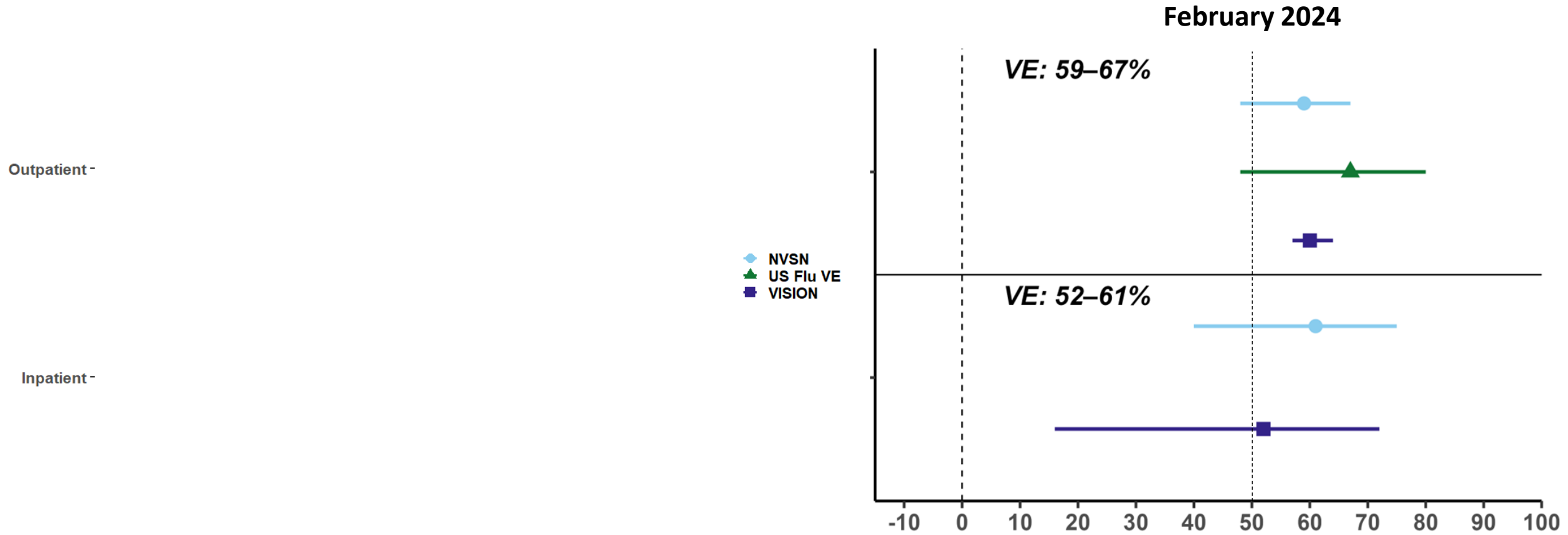
Analysis: $VE = (1 - \text{adjusted OR}) \times 100\%$

- › Adjusted for geographic region, age, calendar time of illness
 - IVY, US Flu VE, and VISION also adjusted for sex and race and ethnicity
 - US Flu VE also adjusted for days between illness onset and enrollment and self-reported general health status

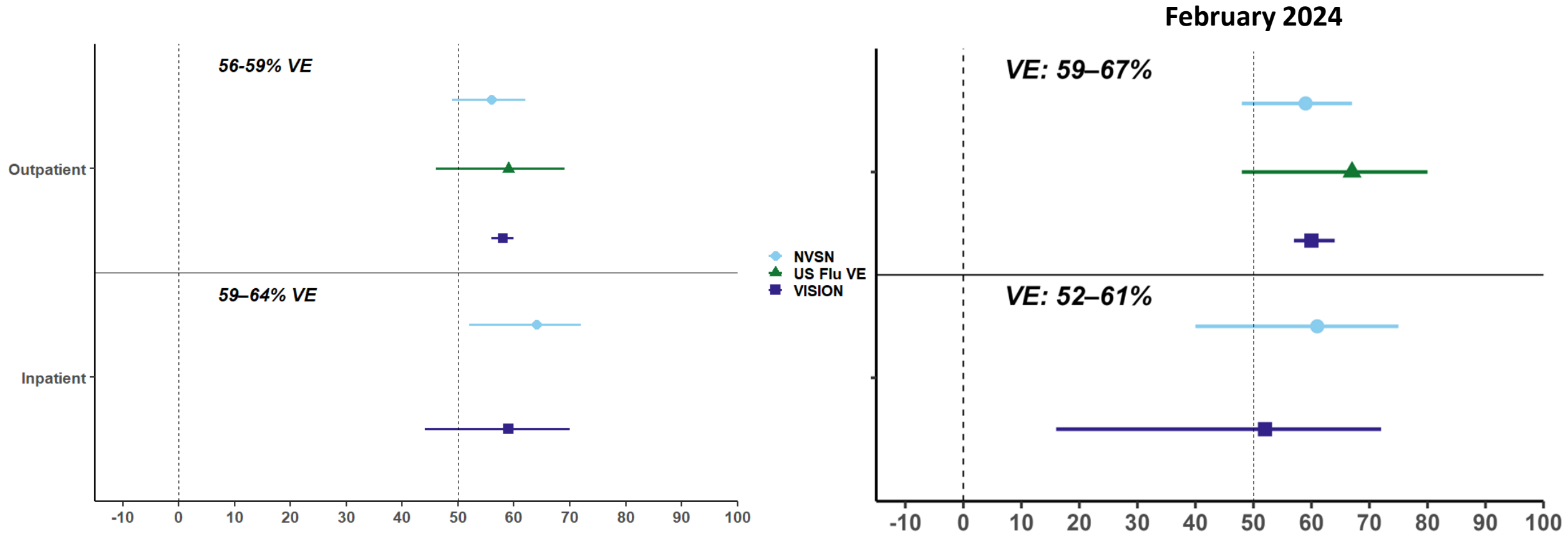
VE among children and adolescents aged 6 months – 17 years

A decorative horizontal bar at the bottom of the slide, composed of several colored rectangular segments: a long light green segment on the left, followed by a shorter olive green segment, a dark red segment, a yellow segment, and a blue segment on the right.

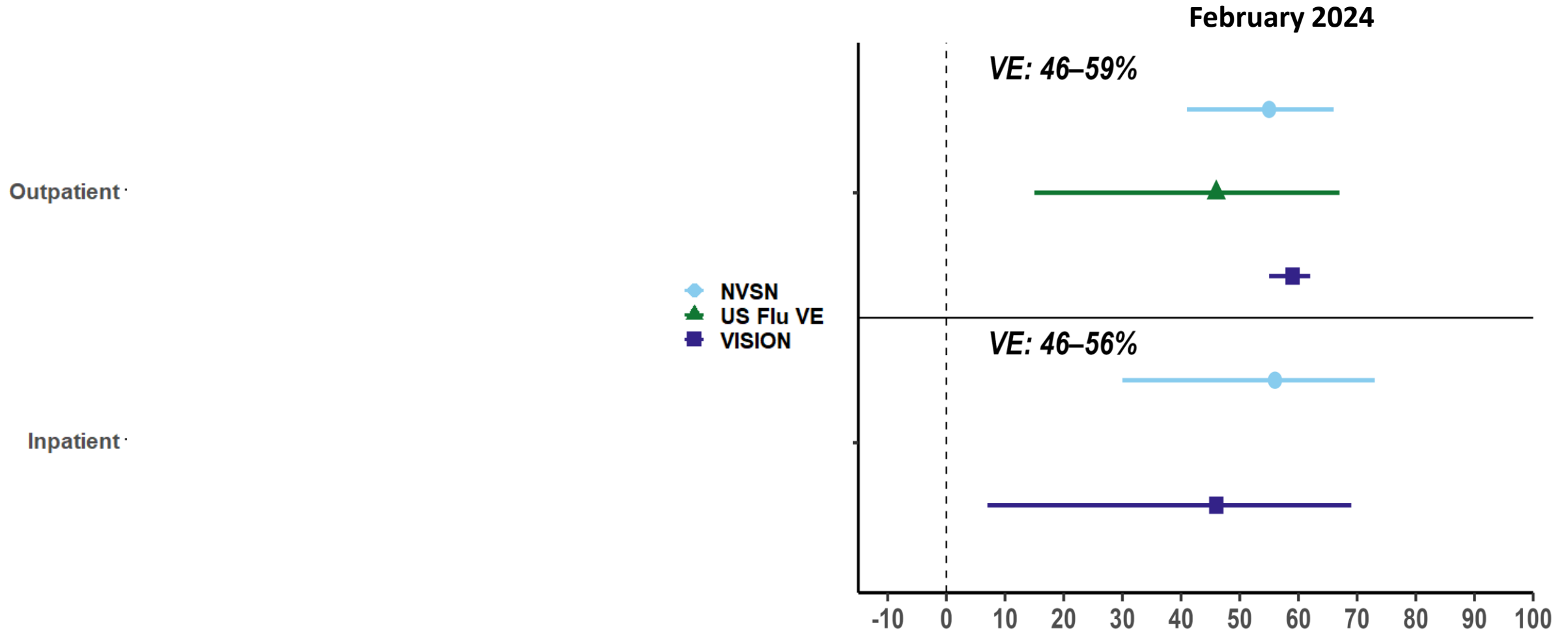
Pediatric VE against any influenza



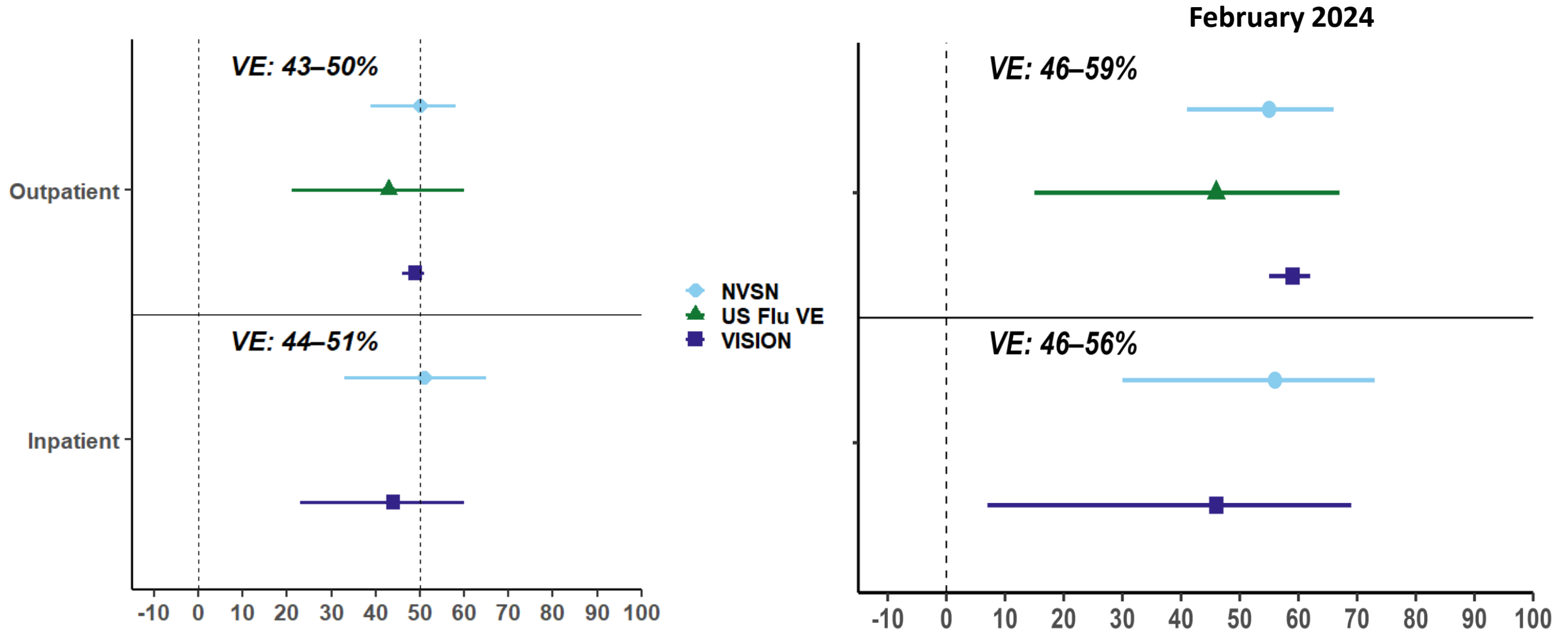
Pediatric VE against any influenza



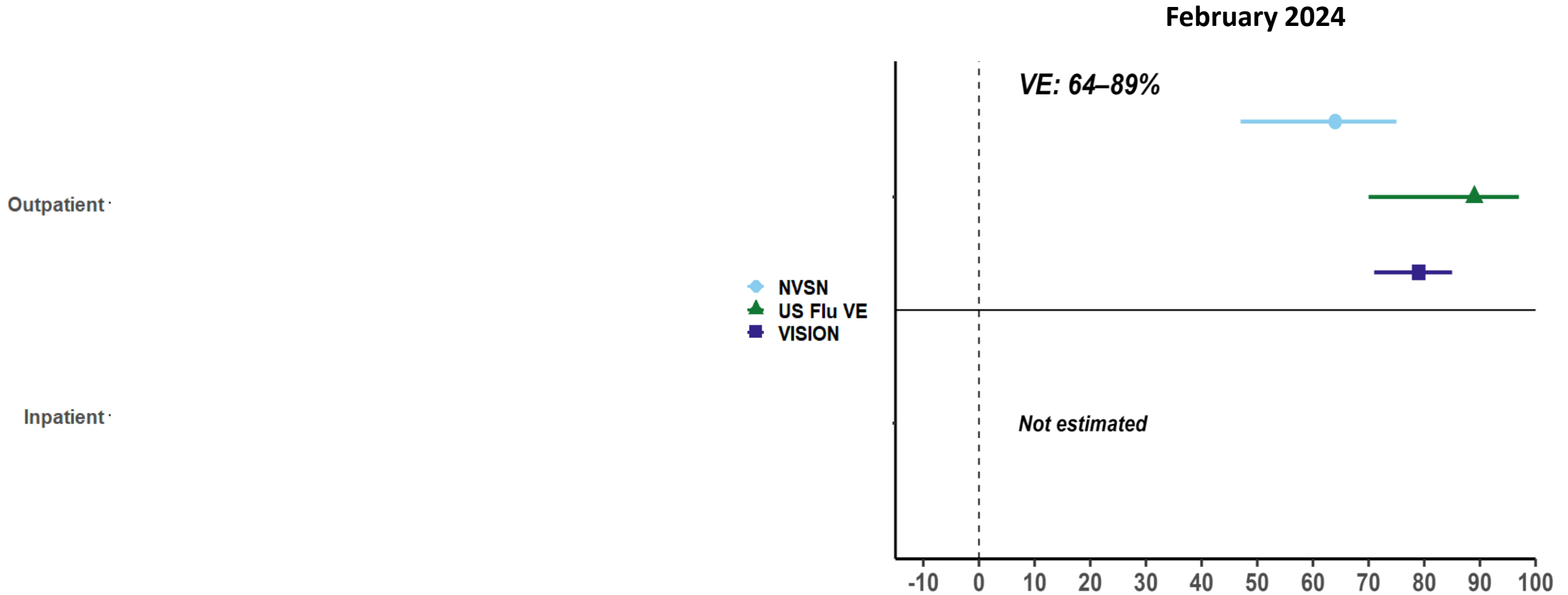
Pediatric VE against influenza A



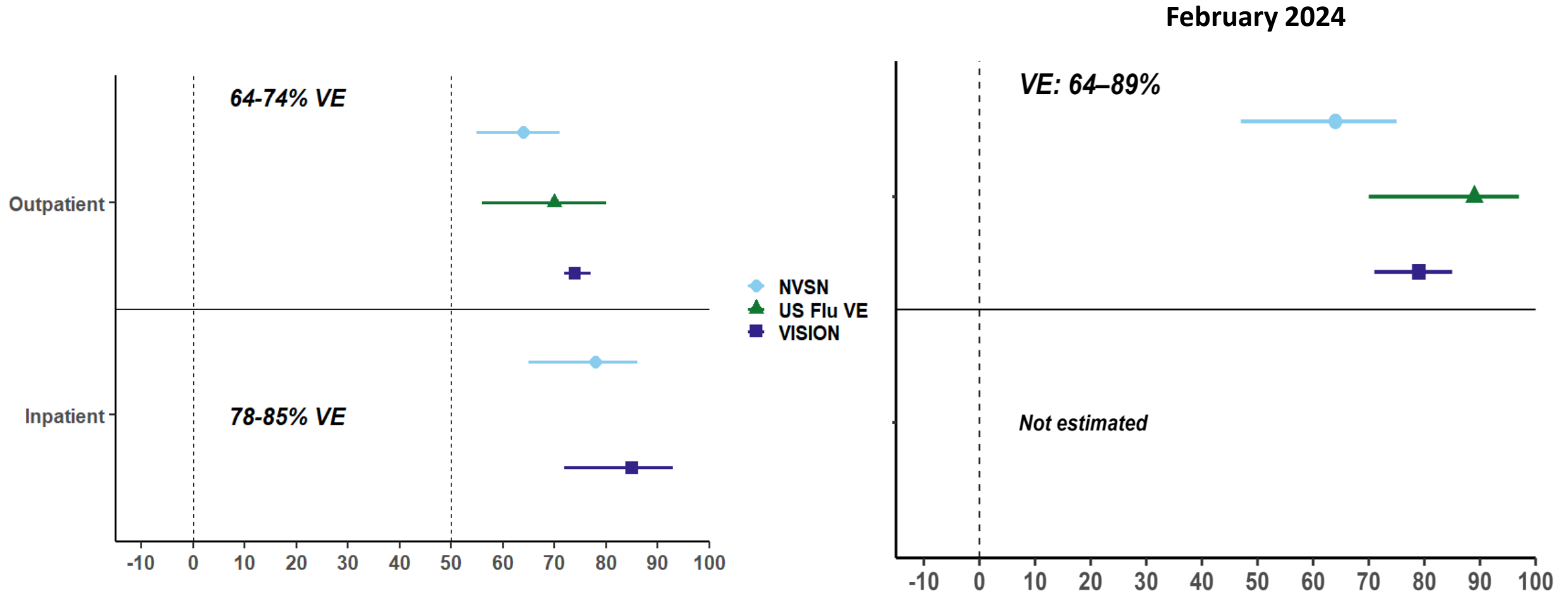
Pediatric VE against influenza A



Pediatric VE against influenza B



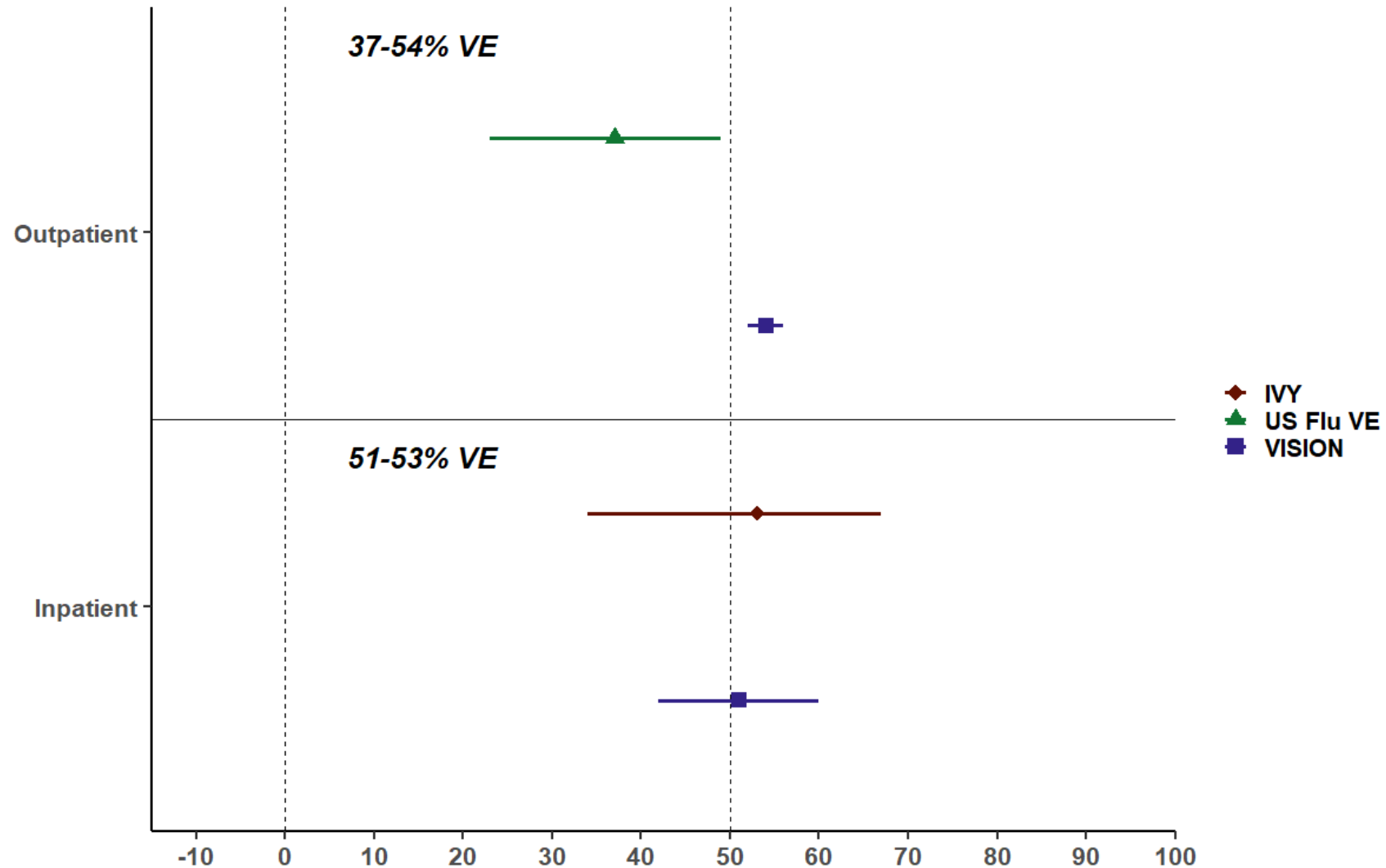
Pediatric VE against influenza B



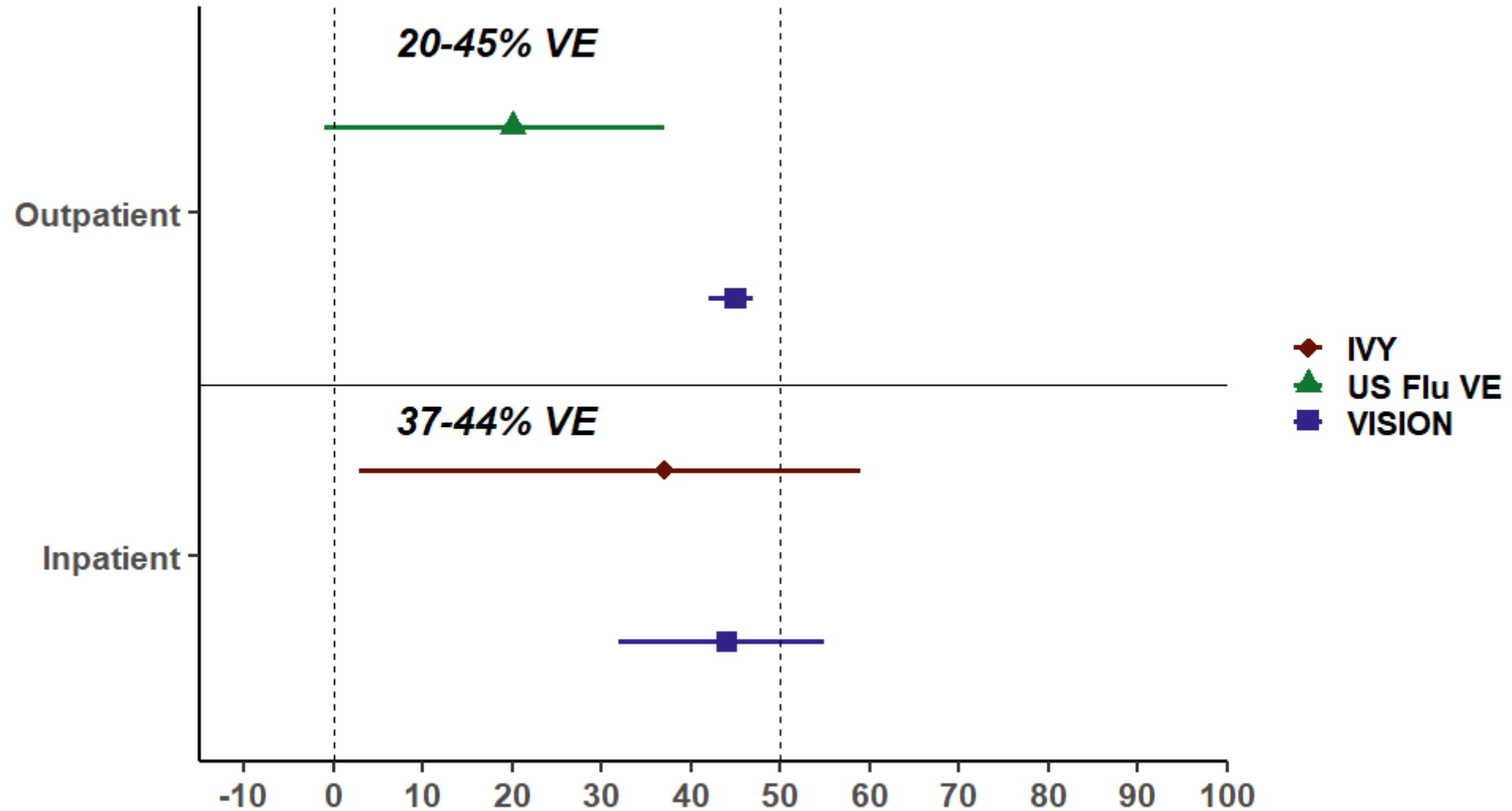
VE among adults ages 18–49 years

A decorative horizontal bar at the bottom of the slide, composed of several colored rectangular segments: a long light green segment, a shorter olive green segment, a short dark red segment, a short yellow segment, and a long blue segment.

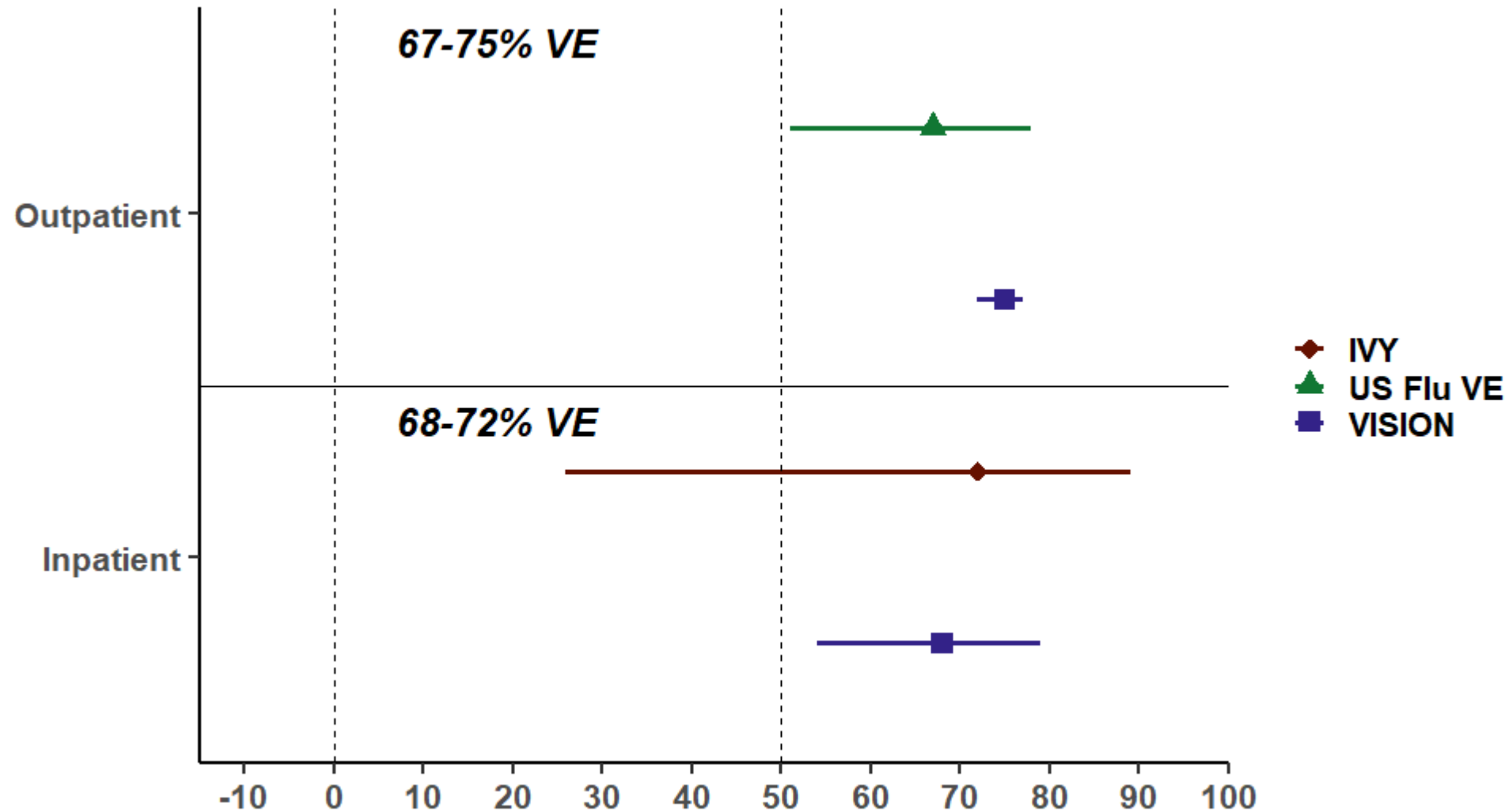
Adult (aged 18–49 years) VE against any influenza



Adult (aged 18–49 years) against VE influenza A

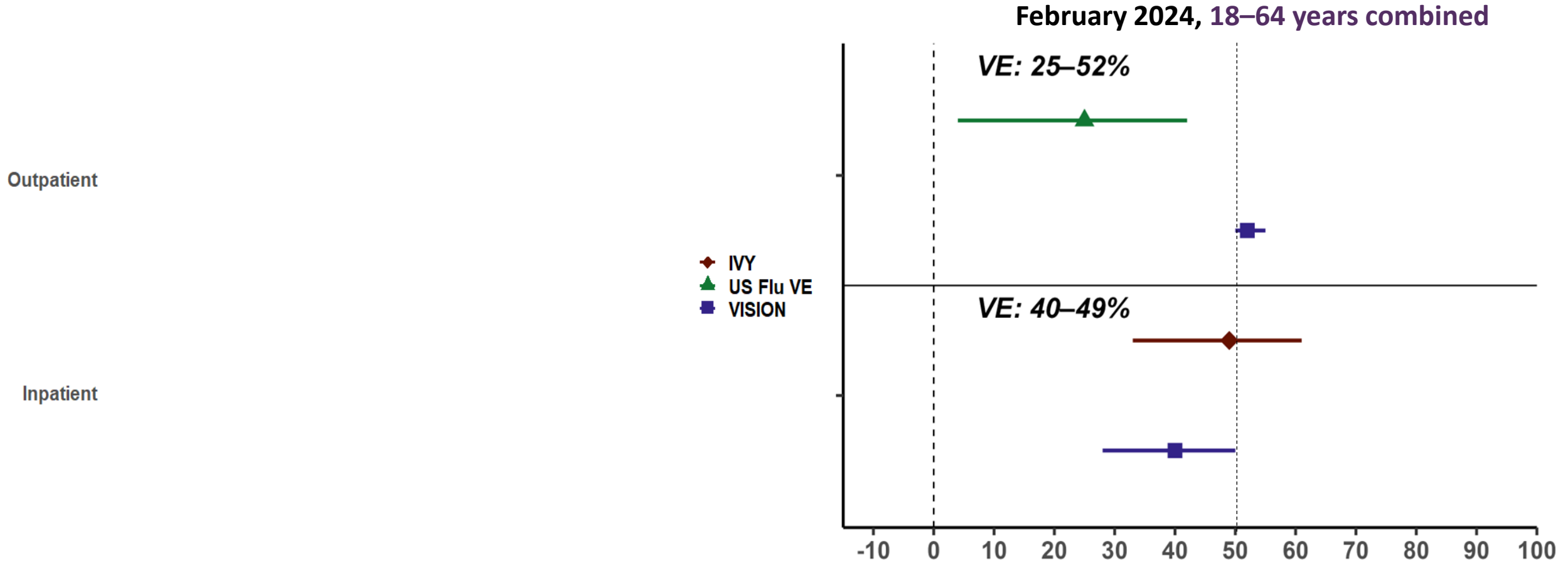


Adult (aged 18–49 years) VE against influenza B

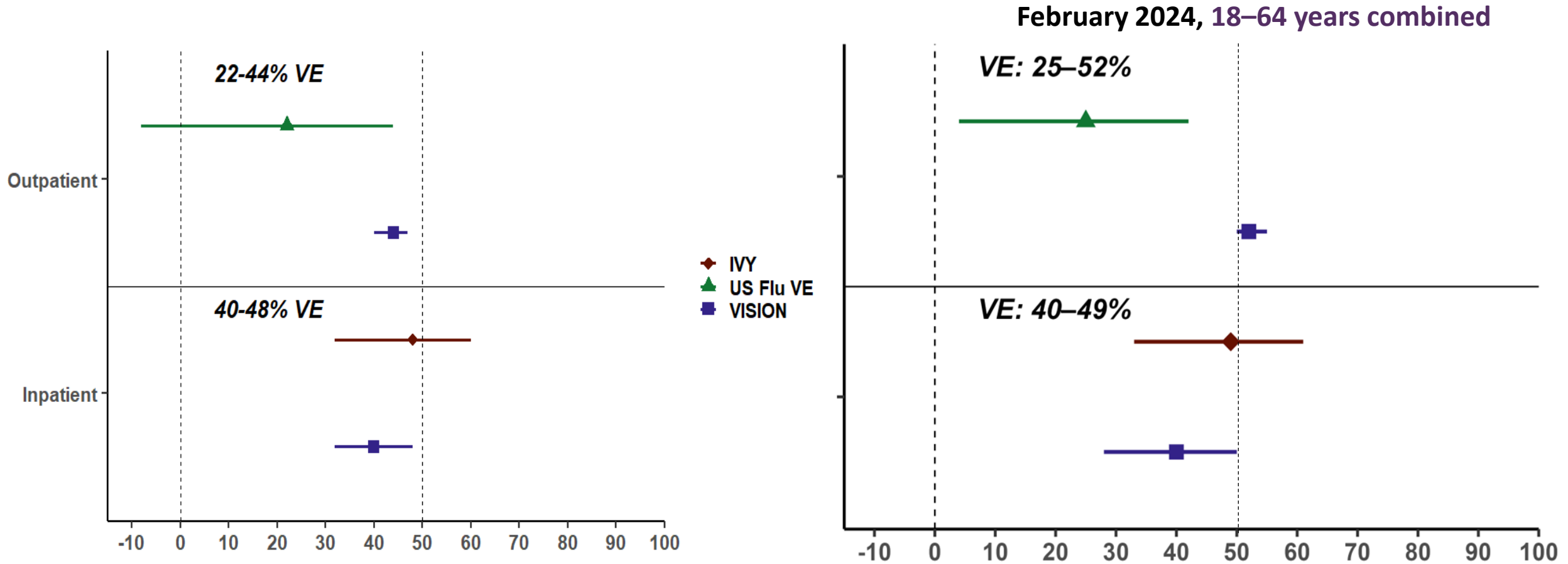


VE among adults aged 50–64 years

Adult (aged 50–64 years) VE against any influenza

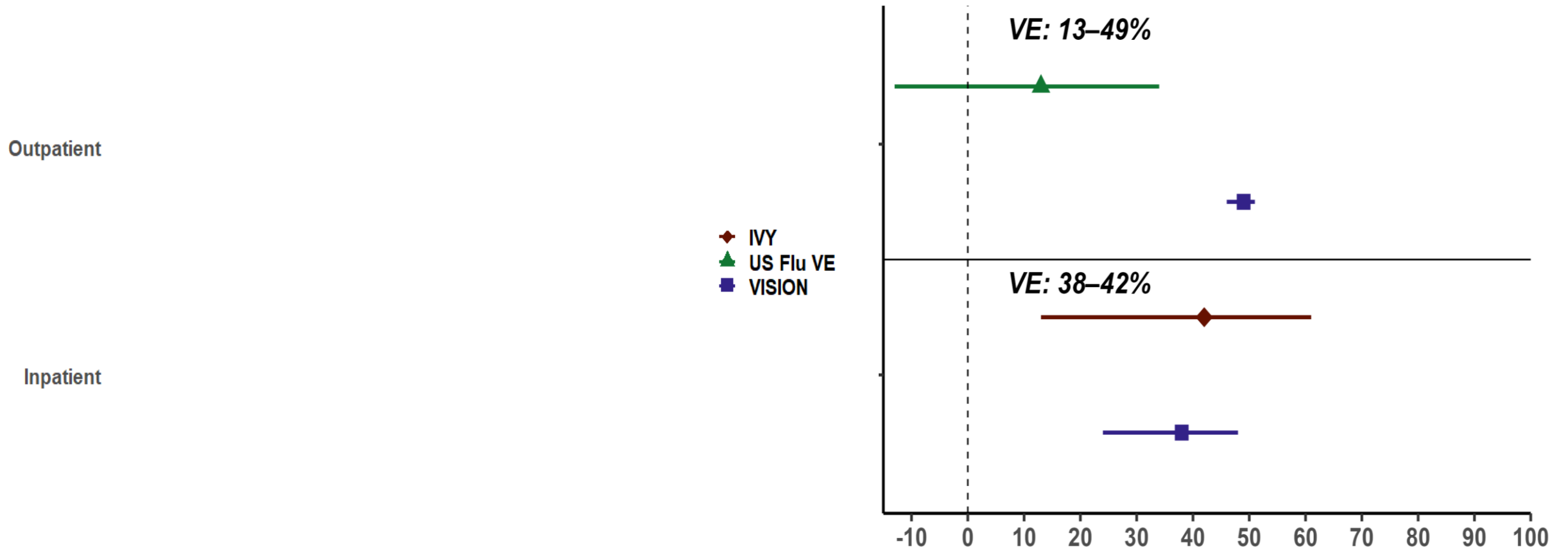


Adult (aged 50–64 years) VE against any influenza



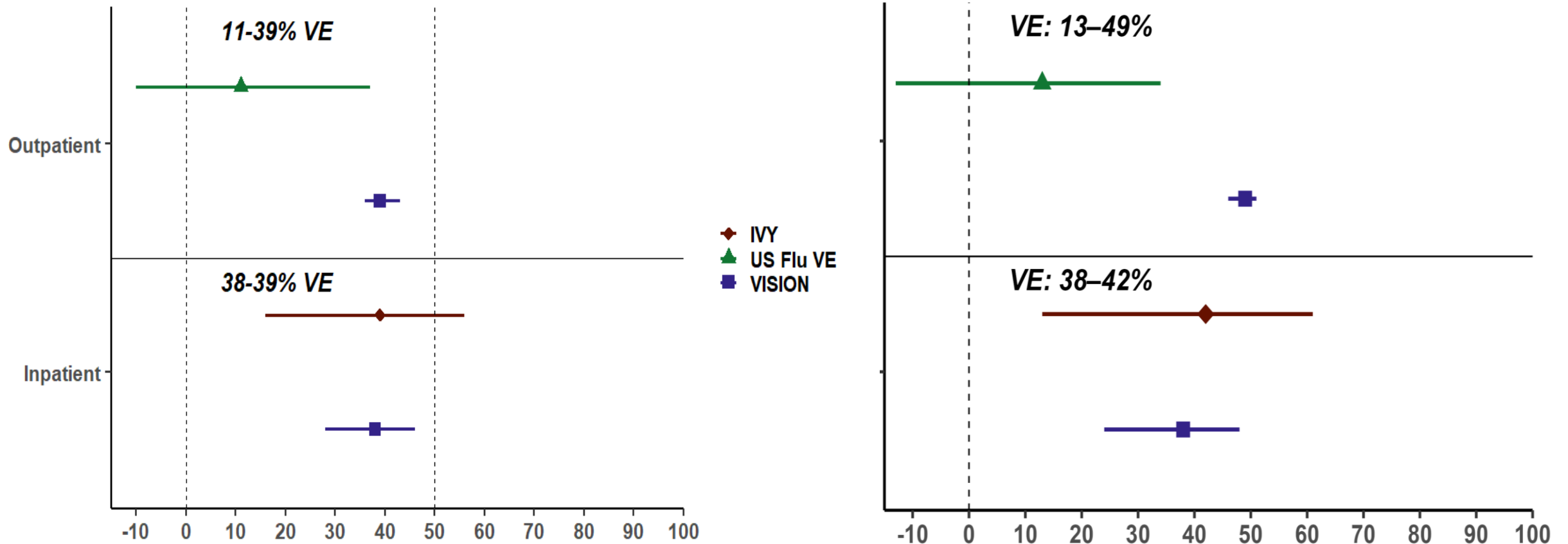
Adult (aged 50–64 years) VE against influenza A

February 2024, 18–64 years combined



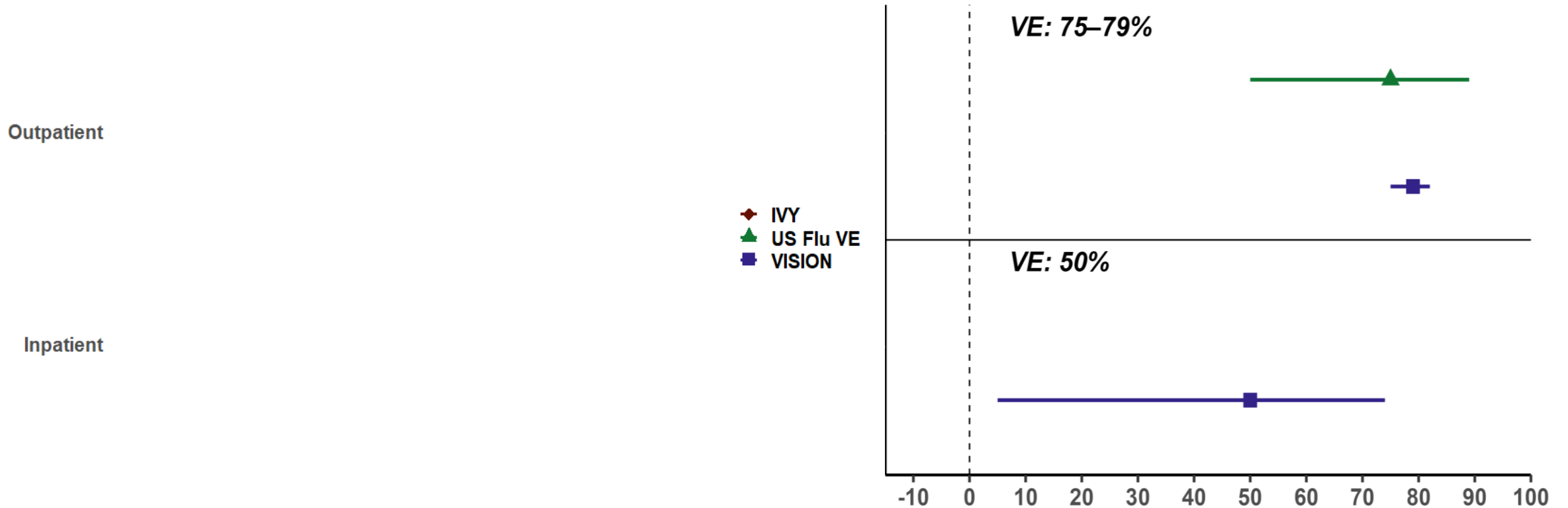
Adult (aged 50–64 years) VE against influenza A

February 2024, 18–64 years combined



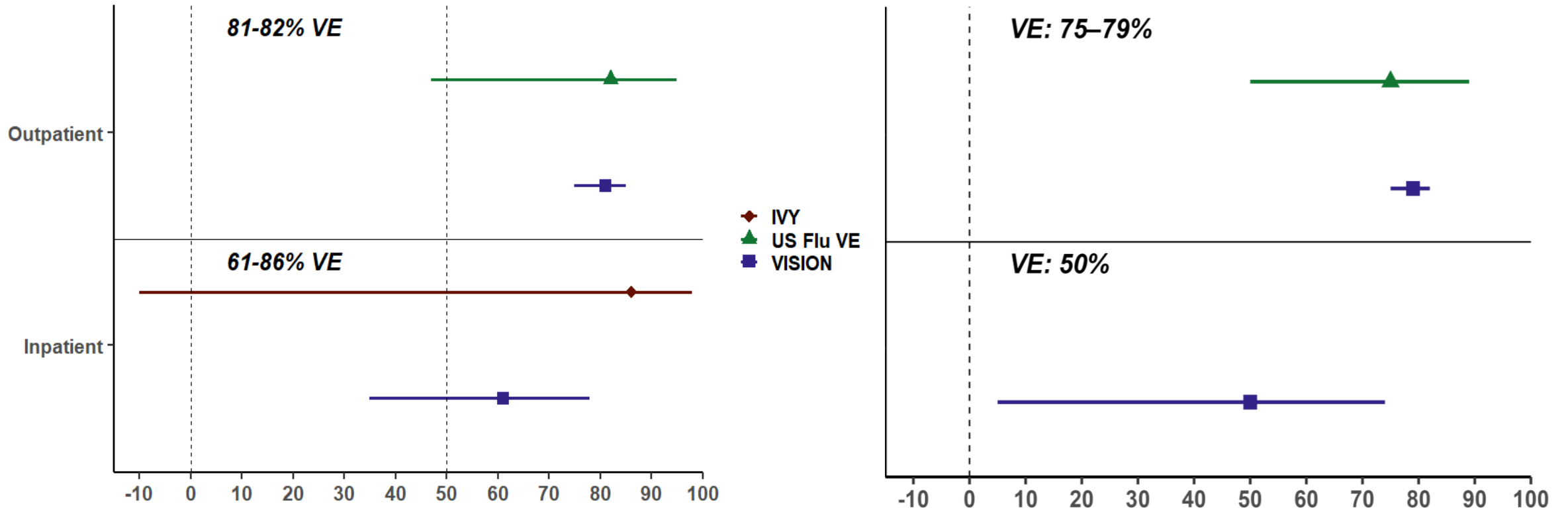
Adult (aged 50–64 years) VE against influenza B

February 2024, 18–64 years combined



Adult (aged 50–64 years) VE against influenza B

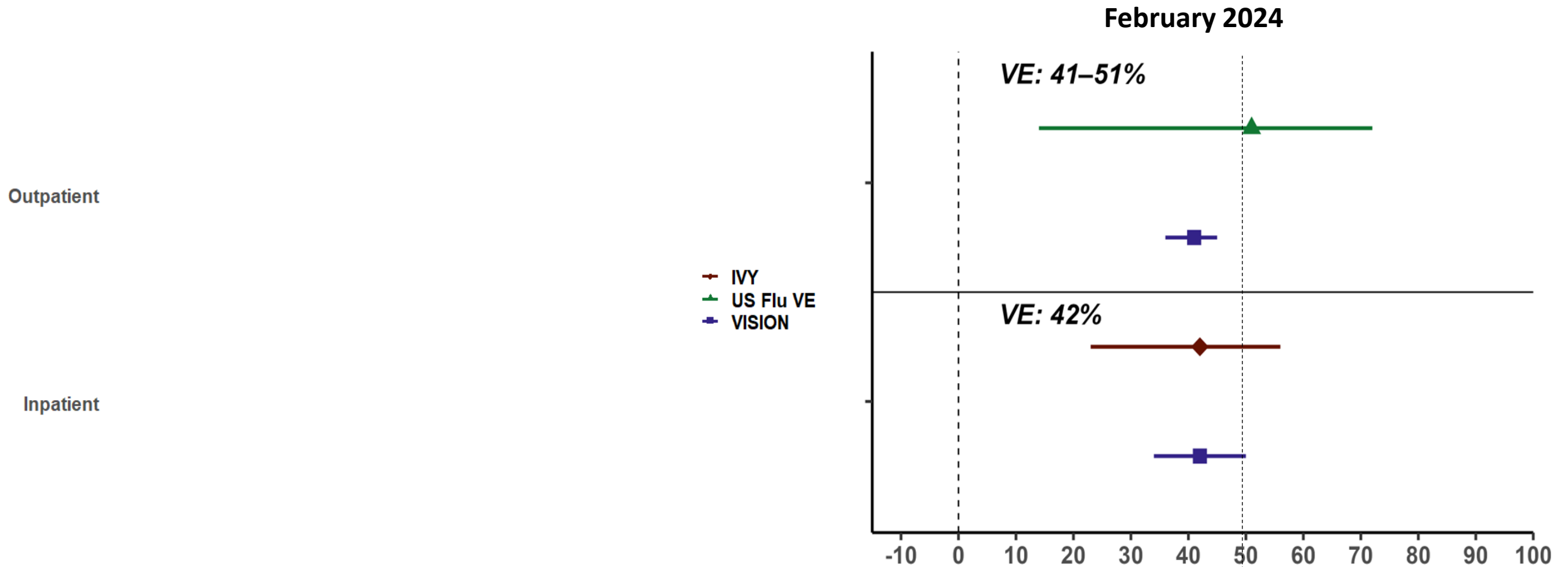
February 2024, 18–64 years combined



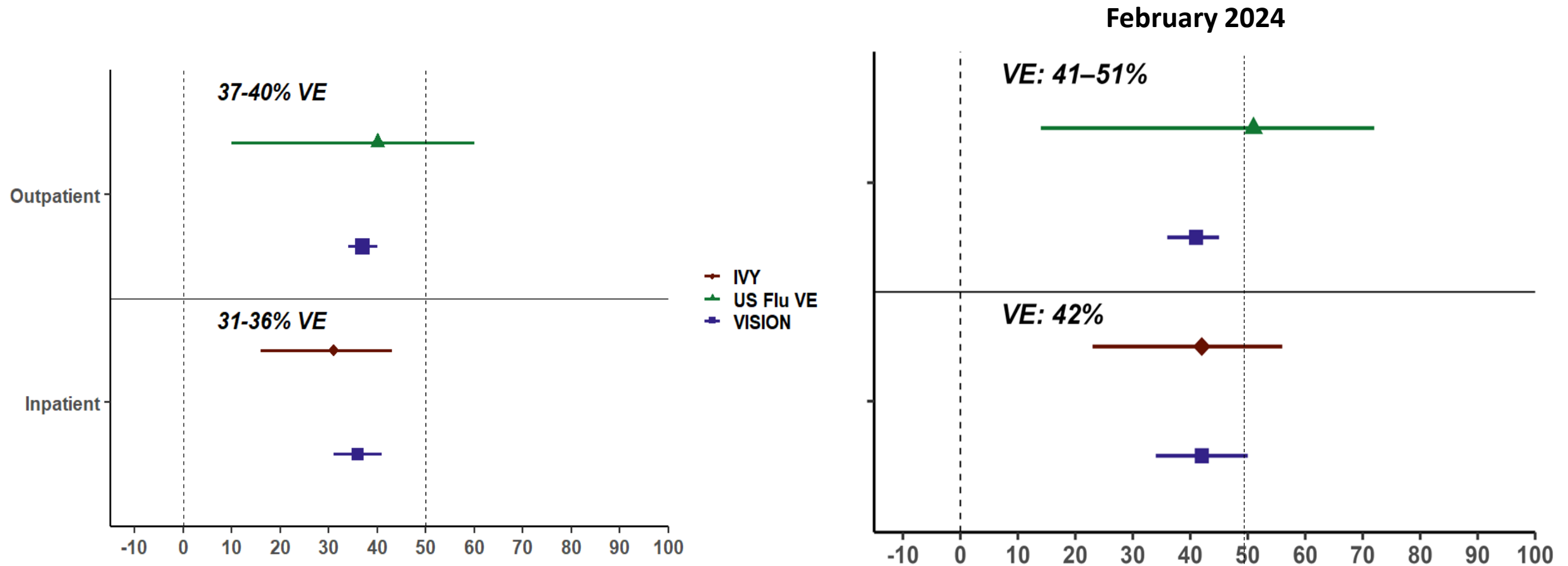
VE among adults aged ≥ 65 years

A decorative horizontal bar at the bottom of the slide, composed of several colored rectangular segments: a long light green segment on the left, followed by a shorter olive green segment, a dark red segment, a yellow segment, and a blue segment on the right.

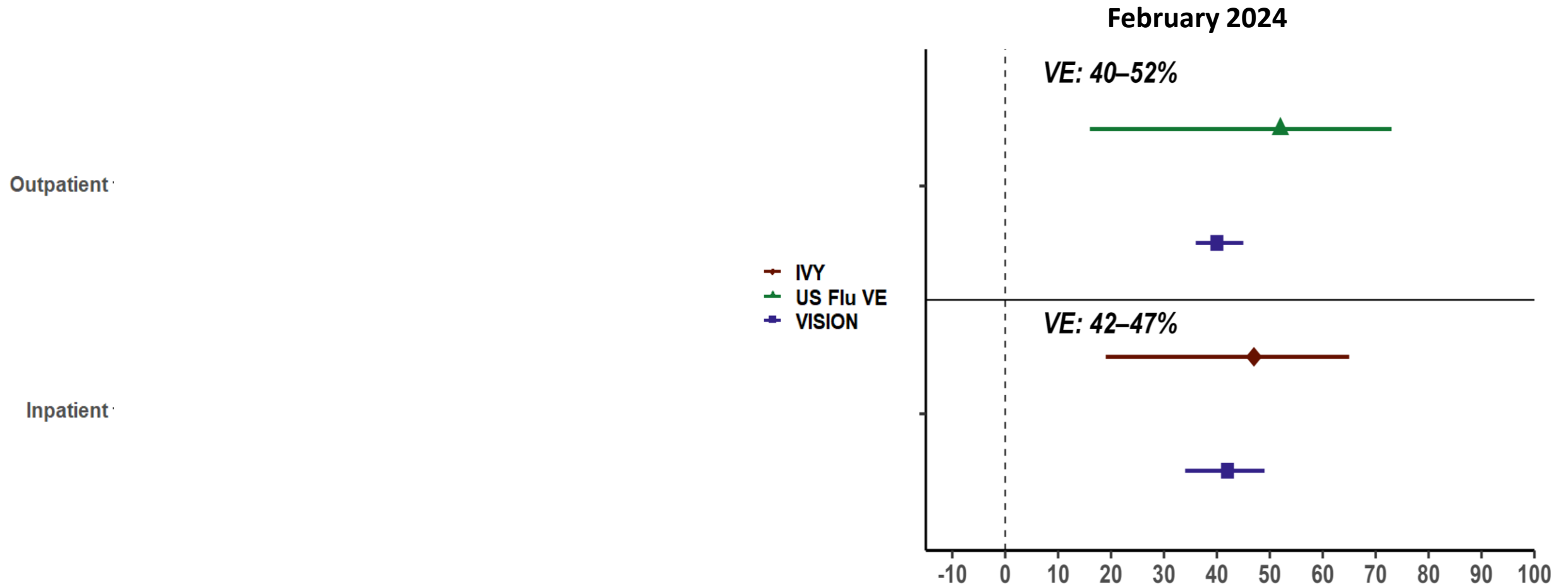
Adult (aged ≥ 65) VE against any influenza



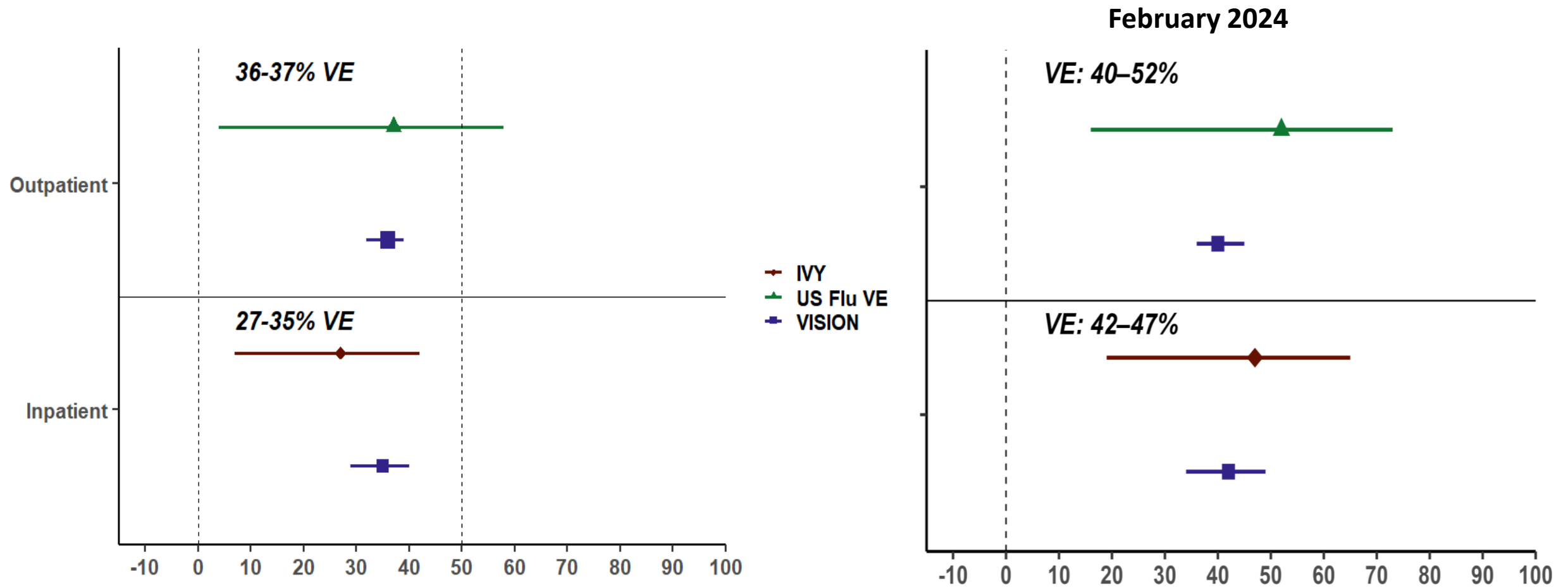
Adult (aged ≥ 65) VE against any influenza



Adult (aged ≥ 65) VE against influenza A

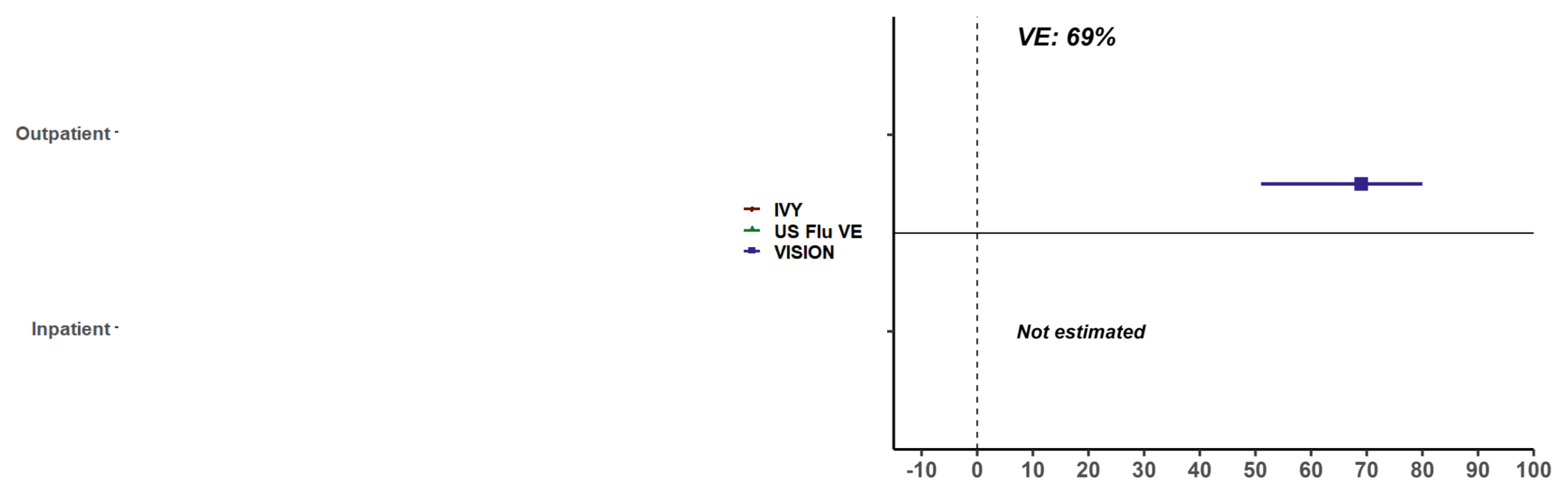


Adult (aged ≥ 65) VE against influenza A



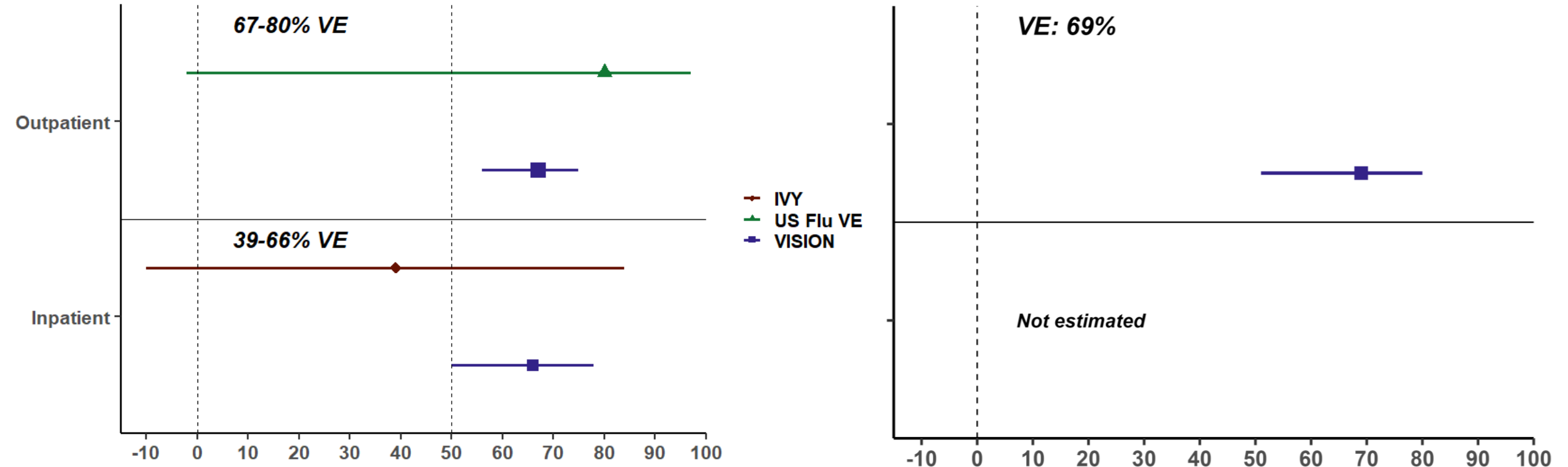
Adult (aged ≥ 65) VE against influenza B

February 2024



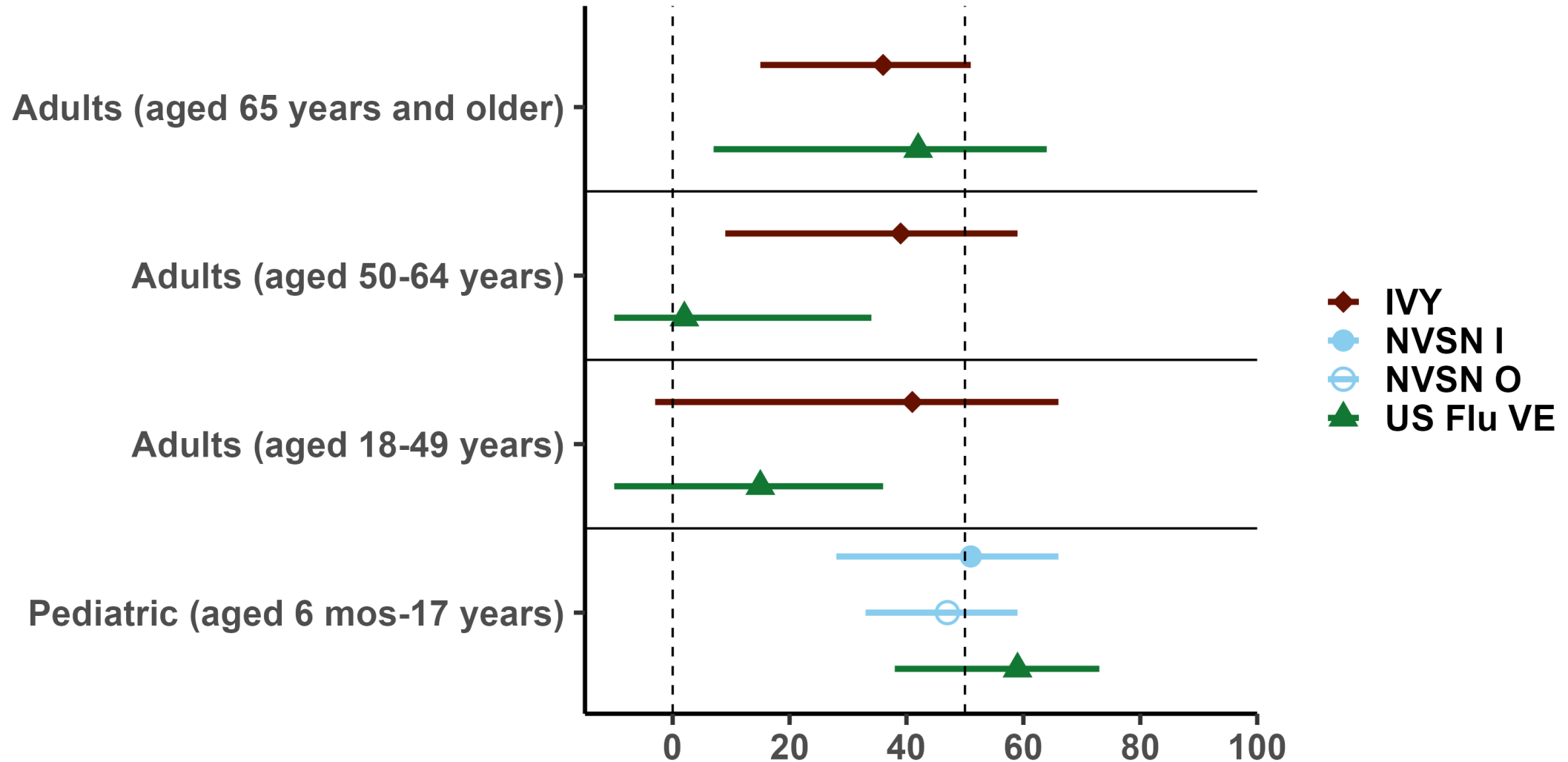
Adult (aged ≥ 65) VE against influenza B

February 2024

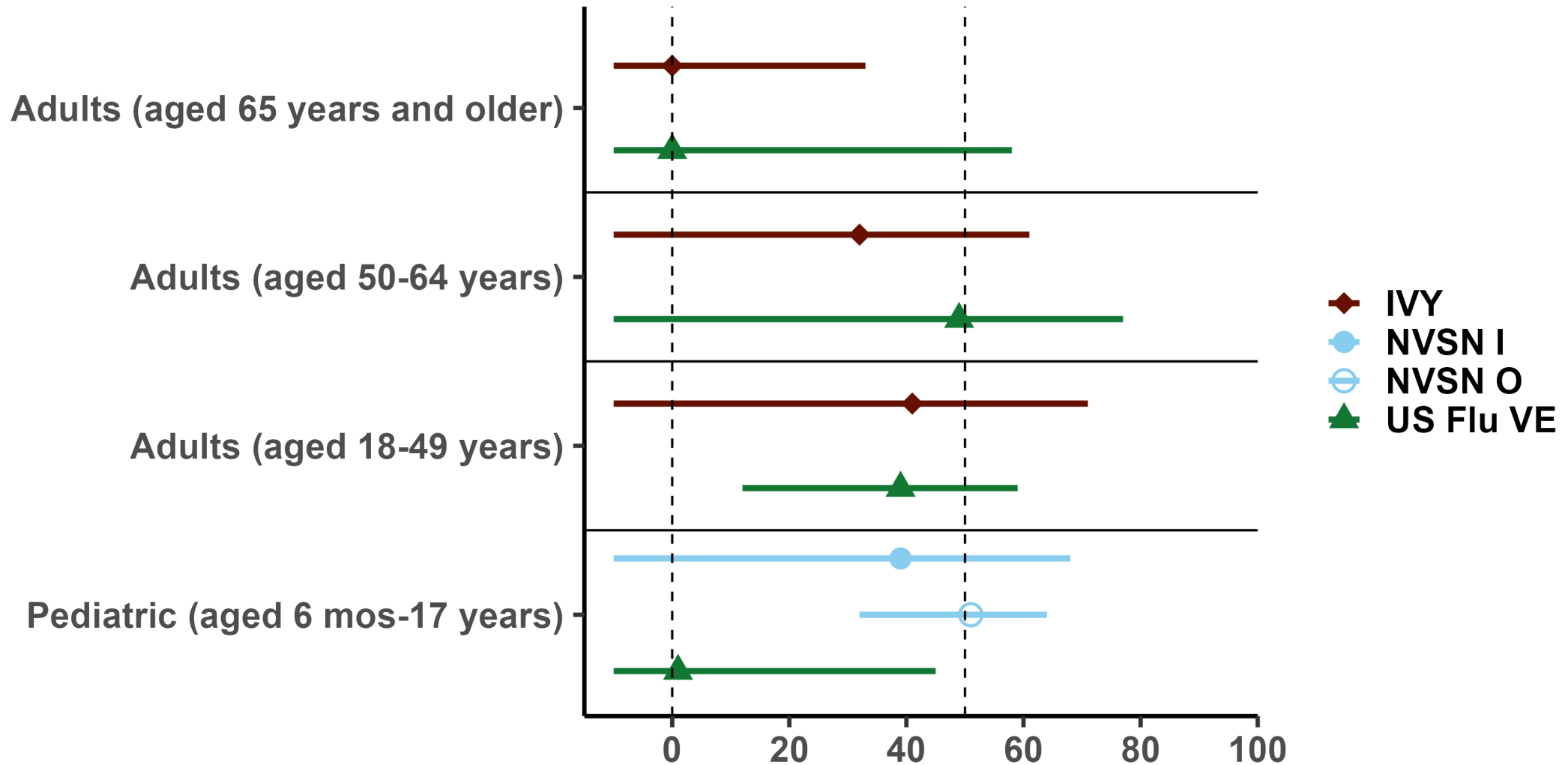


VE by A subtype

VE against influenza A(H1N1)pdm09



VE against influenza A(H3N2)



Discussion



Summary of four CDC influenza VE networks

Vaccination with a 2023–2024 influenza vaccine **reduced the risk** of medically attended influenza **outpatient visits** and **hospitalizations** among **children, adolescents, adults,** and the **elderly**.

Results were **consistent** across **4 networks** in 23 states.

Preliminary **end-of-season** estimates are **similar to interim** estimates from February.

Thank you

We'd like to thank our many collaborators from CDC, IVY, NVSN, US Flu VE, and VISION

For more information, contact CDC
1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)
TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

